



Administrator Guide

Updated 8th February 2021 for WorkSpaces Manager 4.1.0

Introduction

This guide has been authored by experts at Nuvens to provide information and guidance on using WorkSpaces Manager.

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Revision History

Revision Date	Version	Changes
13/01/2021	1.0	Initial Document.
21/01/2021	1.1	Minor changes to wording.
08/02/2021	1.2	Updated to version 4.1 (added Fixed Tags and Auto Provisioning) and amended supported browsers.

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1. WorkSpaces Manager Portal minimum supported browser requirements

- Chrome 22.x
- Firefox 12.x
- Opera 12.x
- Safari 5.1x
- Microsoft Edge 88.x

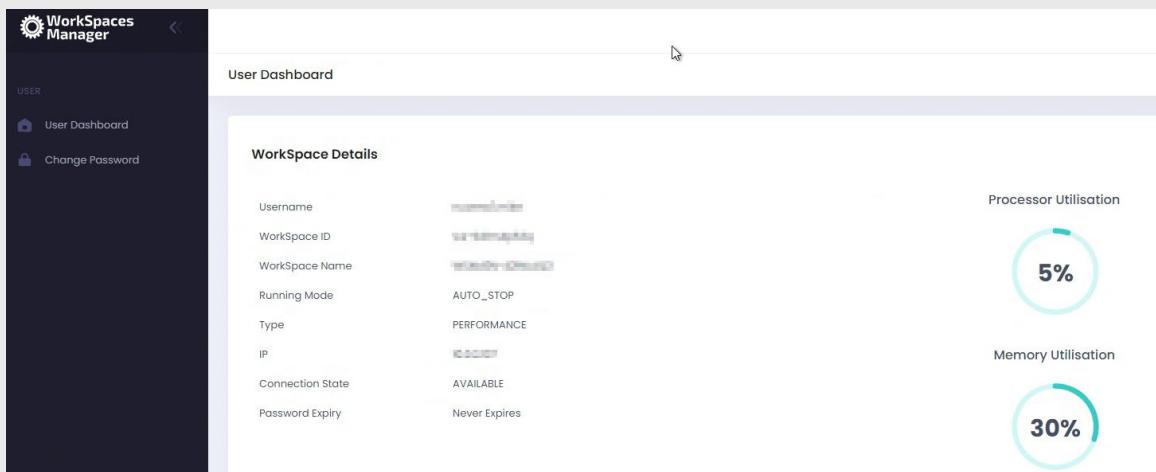
2. User Self-Service Portal

This covers the 'User' section of the Portal.

2.1 Actions that a user can perform on their WorkSpace from the portal

Users can save time by accessing the WorkSpaces Manager website by using the same URL as WorkSpace Administrators use. If they are not members of your WorkSpaces Admin group specified in the 'Options > Settings > Applications' section of the WorkSpaces Manager portal, they will get a limited Portal which is specific to their Workspace(s) that use the logon that they are logged on with.

This saves a user calling the Service Desk if they cannot connect to their WorkSpace (for example, if the status is UNHEALTHY and they cannot connect to their WorkSpace) or they can stop it without any intervention from support. If the 'User Restore' and/or 'User Rebuild' options are checked in the Options > Settings > Additional Options section of the WorkSpaces Manager admin portal, then these will appear too in the list.



2.2 Adding and removing an application

If your company uses products such as Liquidware FlexApp or App-V to deploy their applications to their users within your WorkSpace (as well as other devices such as PCs) then users can add and remove the applications themselves within constraints on licensing with some applications.

From WorkSpaces Manager 4.0.0, users can now add and remove applications via Self Service from:

- Active Directory Groups

These applications are delivered by the likes of App-V, FlexApp, etc. Users are free to add and remove 'Free' applications themselves. Those are not deemed as 'Free' are license based and will require administrative intervention.

- Cloudpaging

If you use Numecent Cloudpaging, users can add and remove applications to their Cloudpaging client on their WorkSpace.

- AppStream

Users can add and remove 'dynamic applications' to their AppStream session (if administrators permit). Please refer to the [Section 8](#) for more information on 'AppStream Dynamic Applications' for more information.

This is an example user who has gone to the portal and can see that they currently have no applications assigned to them.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager User Dashboard. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'USER' and 'ADMIN' sections. Under 'USER', 'App Groups' is highlighted with a red box. Under 'ADMIN', 'AppStream' is also visible. The main content area is titled 'AD Group Applications'. It shows a single application entry: 'Excel'. Below it is a table with columns: Application Name, Application Group, Group Name, and Type. The table contains two entries: 'Google Chrome' (Utility, FA-USR-Google, Free) and 'Payroll App' (Utility, FA-USR-PayrollApp, Free). At the bottom, it says 'Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries' and has 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

Application Name	Application Group	Group Name	Type
Google Chrome	Utility	FA-USR-Google	Free
Payroll App	Utility	FA-USR-PayrollApp	Free

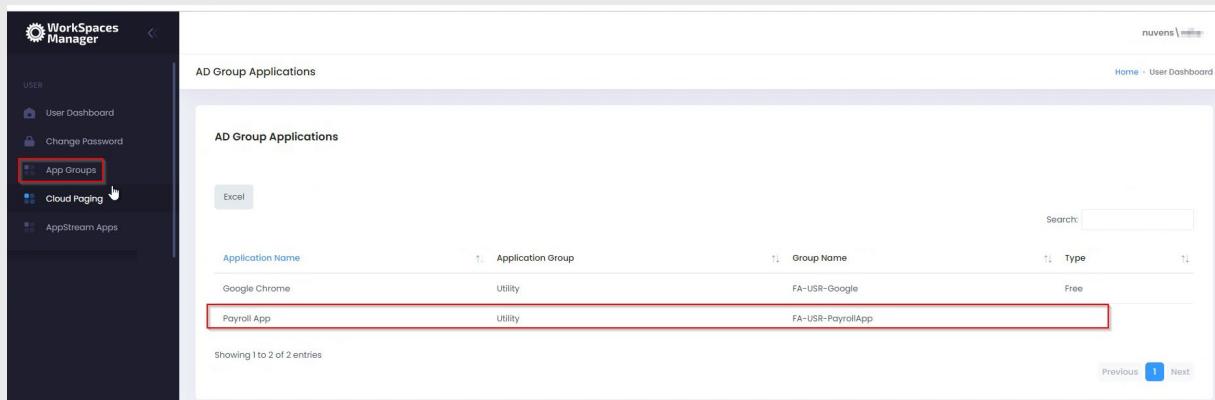
2.2.1 Example of adding an application delivered via an Active Directory group membership

The user will select 'App Groups' from their Self-Service portal.

Here they can see all the applications that are available. However, they may not all be accessible to them. The ones marked 'Type' of 'Free' can be added by the user with no administrative intervention.

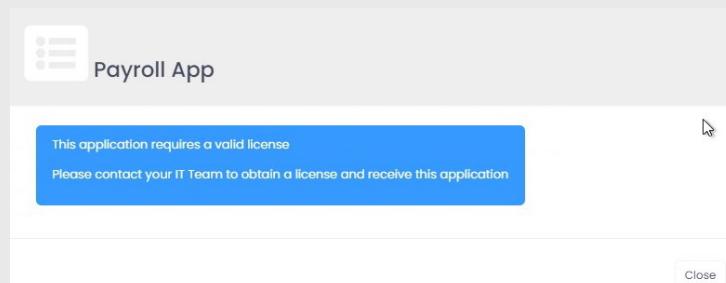
PLEASE NOTE: The administrator will need to go and set up the 'Application Group' and 'Type'. Please refer to [Section 5](#) of this document to see how this is done.

The ones not marked type 'Free' must be requested by whichever the method the user would normally use (for example, their corporate Service Desk). This is because it may have licensing constraints such as Microsoft Visio or 3rd party vendor user limits. This is to adhere to software compliance.



The screenshot shows the 'AD Group Applications' page within the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'USER' options: 'User Dashboard', 'Change Password', 'App Groups' (which is selected and highlighted with a red box), and 'Cloud Paging'. The main area displays a table titled 'AD Group Applications' with two rows. The first row is for 'Google Chrome' and the second row is for 'Payroll App'. The 'Payroll App' row is also highlighted with a red box. The table columns are 'Application Name', 'Application Group', 'Group Name', and 'Type'. The 'Payroll App' entry has 'Utility' in the Application Group column, 'FA-USR-PayrollApp' in the Group Name column, and 'Free' in the Type column. A search bar and navigation buttons ('Previous', 'Next') are at the bottom of the table.

The user will also receive the following message:



This user will now choose a 'Free' application from the list. In our instance, Adobe Reader. To do this, just click anywhere on the Adobe Reader line you will get asked if you want to add the application. Select 'Add Application'. This will then add the user to the Active Directory group (in this case 'FA-USR-Google').

To get the application, the user will need to log out of the WorkSpace and go back in. If the user then goes back to the User Dashboard, they will see a message of 'Pending Reboot'. A log off should suffice on most occasions, but some applications do require a reboot.

The screenshot shows the 'User Dashboard' in the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left sidebar under 'USER', 'Cloud Paging' is highlighted with a red box. The main area displays a summary of the workspace configuration, including 'Running Mode: ALWAYS_ON', 'Type: PERFORMANCE', 'IP: 192.168.1.100', 'Connection State: AVAILABLE', and 'Password Expiry: Never Expires'. Two circular progress indicators show 'Memory Utilisation' at 0% and another metric at 29%. Below this, a section titled 'Applications' lists several installed applications: Explorer, Google Chrome, Notepad, Paint, and Payroll App. Each application has a red 'remove' button next to it.

Similarly, a user can remove themselves from seeing the application by selecting 'remove' next to the application under 'Applications'. This will remove them from the Active Directory group for the application. Again, a logoff from the WorkSpace will be necessary to remove them from the group (or a reboot to make sure).

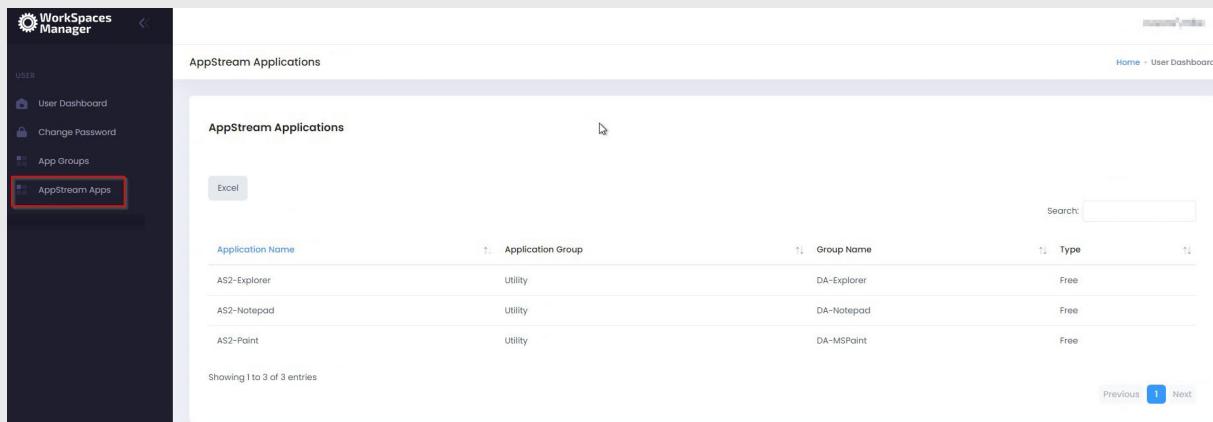
2.2.2 Example of launching an application via Cloudpaging from the Self-Service portal.

A user can launch a Cloudpaging app that is assigned to them via the 'Cloudpaging' option on their Self-Service portal. The application link will download and the Cloudpaging client will open the application. Or they can select it from the Cloudpaging application itself on the WorkSpace.

The screenshot shows the 'Applications' page in the WorkSpaces Manager. The 'Cloud Paging' option in the sidebar is highlighted with a red box. The main content area displays a list of applications: Excel, 7-Zip, Putty, and SQL Management Studio. Each application has a blue 'Launch' button next to it. A search bar labeled 'Search:' is present at the top right. The footer indicates 'Showing 1 to 3 of 3 entries' and includes 'Previous' and 'Next' navigation buttons.

2.2.3 Example of adding an AppStream 'dynamic' application the Self-Service portal

A user can add\remove an AppStream 'dynamic' application in their AppStream session if the applications are marked 'Free'. If they are marked 'Paid' then there are restrictions in place (for example, you may not want them to give themselves access to a licensed application or applications they do not require access to).



The screenshot shows the AWS WorkSpaces Manager User Dashboard. On the left, a sidebar titled 'USER' contains links for 'User Dashboard', 'Change Password', 'App Groups', and 'AppStream Apps'. The 'AppStream Apps' link is highlighted with a red box. The main content area is titled 'AppStream Applications' and displays a table of three entries:

Application Name	Application Group	Group Name	Type
AS2-Explorer	Utility	DA-Explorer	Free
AS2-Notepad	Utility	DA-Notepad	Free
AS2-Paint	Utility	DA-MSPaint	Free

Below the table, it says 'Showing 1 to 3 of 3 entries'. At the bottom right are 'Previous' and 'Next' navigation buttons.

3. Administration of the portal

This covers the 'Admin' section of the portal.

3.1 Admin Dashboard

This gives an overview of your environment, along with an audit of actions carried out by portal admins and recommendations made. The audit log is fully searchable by anything that you see.

The screenshot shows the 'Admin Dashboard' of the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation links for USER (User Dashboard, Change Password), ADMIN (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, TaskQueue, Help), and CLOUD (Resources, Update, Options, Reports). The main area has a title 'Admin Dashboard' and a sub-header 'Home - Admin Dashboard'. It features a grid of 10 cards with metrics: 2 WorkSpace Directories (0%), 0 Unhealthy WorkSpaces (100% healthy), 280 Healthy WorkSpaces, 70 Stopped WorkSpaces (25%), 18 Unused WorkSpaces (6.43%), 122 Connected Users (43.57%), 500 Portal Licenses (56%), 206 Always On (73.57%), 74 Auto Stop (26.43%), and 1 Region In Use. Below this is a table titled 'Audit Log' with columns Date, Item, User, Message, and By. The table lists 12 entries from December 4 to 10, 2020, such as 'Termination Scheduled' and 'Add Tag'.

Date	Item	User	Message	By
12/10/2020 4:57:43 PM			Termination Scheduled	
12/9/2020 4:01:28 PM			Manual Update of WorkSpaces Initiated	
12/9/2020 3:42:51 PM			Manual Update of WorkSpaces Initiated	
12/9/2020 11:10:38 AM			Manual Update of WorkSpaces Initiated	
12/8/2020 11:49:28 AM			Application Added to user	
12/8/2020 11:49:19 AM			Application removed from user	
12/7/2020 2:11:59 PM			Termination Scheduled	
12/7/2020 11:48:37 AM			Application Added to user	
12/7/2020 11:48:28 AM			Application removed from user	
12/6/2020 11:47:53 AM			Termination Scheduled	
12/4/2020 1:53:40 PM			Add Tag	
12/4/2020 1:53:28 PM			Add Tag	

3.2 Users

3.2.1 Creating a new WorkSpace for a user

If you are in an organisation where every new user will automatically be assigned a WorkSpace, you can assign them one from within WorkSpaces Manager. WorkSpaces Manager can also seamlessly integrate with your joiners and leavers software such as SalesForce.

If you are doing this yourself, there are four ways of creating a user a WorkSpace:

- Adding a single new user.
- Bulk importing users.
- Creating one when you create a new user where you are using another user as a copy ‘template’.
- Creating one for an existing AD user.

3.2.1.1 Adding a single new user and creating them a WorkSpace

In the WorkSpaces Manager dashboard, go to the Users section and select the Actions button on the right-hand side. You will see an option for ‘Add User’.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' section of the WorkSpaces Manager interface. At the top, there is a header with 'Users' and a blue button with the number '0'. Below the header, the domain 'nuvens.local' is selected. On the right side of the header, there are three buttons: 'Home', 'Admin Dashboard', and 'Users', with 'Users' being the active tab. A red box highlights the 'Actions' button, which has a gear icon and a plus sign. Below the header, there is a search bar with 'nuvens.local' in the 'Domain' dropdown and a 'User name' input field. To the right of the search bar is a 'Search' button. Further down, there is a 'Import Users' button. In the center, there is a table with columns: Name, Surname, Username, Email, Company, Department, Country, Enabled, and Password Expiry. The table is currently empty, displaying 'No data available in table'. At the bottom left, it says 'Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries'. At the bottom right, there are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons. A red box highlights the 'Add User' button, which is located to the right of the 'Import Users' button.

Fill in the details and select what type of WorkSpace you would like the user to have (Mode can be either ALWAYS_ON or AUTO_STOP and the preconfigured Bundle ID of your choice). Select 'Add User' and you now get a confirmation box to confirm if you would like to proceed.

Add User

User Details

Forename	John	Last name	Smith
Username	jsmith	Email	john.smith@nuvens.local
Telephone	324240323434320	JobTitle	Senior Support Technician
Password	*****	Confirm	*****
Mode	ALWAYS_ON	BundleId	nuvens
DirectoryId	d-9361		
Encrypt Root Volume	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Encrypt User Volume	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Add User

The WorkSpace will take around 30 minutes to set up. An email is automatically sent to the user with instructions on how to access their WorkSpace.

3.2.1.2 Bulk importing new users and creating them a Workspace.

In the WorkSpaces Manager dashboard, go to the 'Users' section and select the 'Actions' button on the right-hand side. You will see an option for 'Import Users'.

Users 0

nuvens.local

Domain: nuvens.local User name: Search

Actions

Import Users

Excel

No data available in table

Name Surname Username Email Company Department Country Enabled Password Expiry

Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries Previous Next

You will now see the following screen where you will be guided on how you need to fill in the template.

The screenshot shows the 'Import Users' page with the following details:

- Header:** Import Users, Home > Admin Dashboard > Import Users
- Text:** To import users you need to populate the import file template csv file
- Text:** The mandatory columns are:-
- List:**
 - Username
 - First name
 - Surname
 - Email
 - Directory Id
 - Bundle Id
 - Running Mode
 - Copy User
 - User To Copy
 - Create User
 - Create WorkSpace
- Text:** "Create User" flag specifies if an AD Account needs to be created.
- Text:** During the import process the system will check to ensure the username is available. You can specify a password for each user or allow the system to create a random password
- Text:** "Create WorkSpace" flag specifies if an AWS WorkSpace is created. The AD Computer Object will be created in the OU specified against the Directory Id. The WorkSpace resources are determined by the Bundle Id
- Text:** "Copy User" flag allows you to create user accounts based on a template user. This will create the AD Object in the same OU as the template user and copy generic values such as department and company
- Text:** "Running Mode" determines if the WorkSpaces are created as Auto-Stop or Always on. If Auto-Stop Workspaces are deployed the AWS WorkSpace Cost Optimiser should be deployed into the VPC
- Section:** Template
- Input:** Choose File (No file chosen)
- Button:** Import File

Select 'Template' and the template (Import_Template.xlsx) will be automatically downloaded. You will already have a sample user in there so you can see what you need to fill in. You will need to ensure that you have the correct Directory ID (as you may have more than one depending on where in Active Directory you want the users WorkSpace to be created) as well as the correct Bundle ID for the user (which may contain a different application set from other users).

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
UserName	Password	FirstName	Surname	Email	Department	Company	JobTitle	DirectoryId	BundleId	RunningMode	CopyUser	UserToCopy	CreateUser	CreateWorkSpace	CreateOU
jjones	Testing123!	Jim	Jones	jjones@nuvens.co.uk	Finance	Nuvens Consulting	CFO	d-93672873da	wsb-vqdxfrbx	AUTO_STOP	FALSE	ftuser	TRUE	FALSE	ou=Finance,ou=Departments,ou=MyUsers,dc=stormy,dc=internal
barcher	Testing123!	Bryan	Archer	bryan.archer@nuvens.co.uk	Service Desk	Nuvens Consulting	Analyst	d-93672873da	wsb-vqdxfrbx	AUTO_STOP	FALSE	ituser	TRUE	FALSE	ou=IT,ou=Departments,ou=MyUsers,dc=nuvens,stormy/internal
dsmith	Testing123!	Dennis	Smith	dennis.smith@nuvens.co.uk	Catering	Nuvens Consulting	Chef	d-93672873da	wsb-vqdxfrbx	AUTO_STOP	FALSE	ctuser	TRUE	FALSE	ou=Catering,ou=Departments,ou=MyUsers,dc=stormy,dc=internal

- If you **do not** wish to create the user a WorkSpace at this point, set CreateWorkspace to FALSE.
- If you **do not** wish to copy from a template user, set CopyUser to FALSE. You can specify which OU to place the new user in by entering the full OU location in the CreateOU column.
- If want to copy from a template user, set CopyUser to TRUE and specify the username. This will place the copied user in the same OU as the template user. At this point, the process ignores whatever is in the CreateOU column.

Once you have filled in the users that you will need to back to the 'Import' screen, select your template from 'Choose File' and then select 'Import File'.

The screenshot shows the 'Import Users' page. At the top, it says 'To import users you need to populate the import file template csv file'. Below this, a list of mandatory columns is provided:

- Username
- First name
- Surname
- Email
- Directory Id
- Bundle Id
- Running Mode
- Copy User
- User To Copy
- Create User
- Create WorkSpace

Descriptions for each column are as follows:

- "Create User" flag specifies if an AD Account needs to be created.
- During the import process the system will check to ensure the username is available. You can specify a password for each user or allow the system to create a random password.
- "Create WorkSpace" flag specifies if an AWS WorkSpace is created. The AD Computer Object will be created in the OU specified against the Directory Id. The WorkSpace resources are determined by the Bundle Id
- "Copy User" flag allows you to create user accounts based on a template user. This will create the AD Object in the same OU as the template user and copy generic values such as department and company
- "Running Mode" determines if the WorkSpaces are created as Auto-Stop or Always on. If Auto-Stop Workspaces are deployed the AWS WorkSpace Cost Optimiser should be deployed into the VPC

Below the list is a 'Template' section with a 'Choose File' button (labeled 'No file chosen') and an 'Import File' button.

When you select 'Import File', you are automatically taken to the 'Task Queue' option where you are advised of the status of your request. If you fill in an information incorrectly (such as DirectoryID and\or BundleID) then you will get an error stating that the WorkSpace could not be created.

The Task Queue will tell you at what stage the job is at. It will:

- Change User to TRUE when the user account is created.
- Change WorkSpace to TRUE if a WorkSpace has completed creation.
- Change Invite to TRUE if a user has been sent an email inviting them to connect to their WorkSpace.
- Change Completed Status to TRUE if (a) a user account has been created but no WorkSpace creation was specified in the template or (b) a user account and WorkSpace has been created.

The screenshot shows the 'Task Queue' page. At the top, it says 'Task Queue 0'. Below this is a table with the following columns:

Tid	Step	Username	User	WorkSpace	Invite	Completed	Last Update	Owner	Message

A message 'No data available in table' is displayed below the table. At the bottom, it says 'Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries' and has 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

3.2.1.3 Copying an existing user and creating them a WorkSpace

If you want to create a new user in Active Directory which is copied from an existing user (which will also copy all their AD groups) and create a WorkSpace for them at the same time, firstly search for the user that you want to copy in 'Users'.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' page in the Admin Dashboard. The domain is set to 'nuvens.local'. A user named 'nuvens\user1' is listed in the table, which includes columns for Name, Surname, Username, Email, Company, Department, Country, Enabled, and Password Expiry. The user is marked as 'Never Expires'. At the bottom, it shows 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries' and has 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

Then select the action button next to the user you want to use as a copy template. (You can see at this point, this user has a WorkSpace and you can perform various actions). In this case, select 'Copy User'.

The screenshot shows the 'WorkSpace' page for the user 'nuvens\user1'. It displays a table with columns: WorkSpace, Computer Name, State, and Connected. The user has one WorkSpace named 'ws-90' connected to 'WSAM' with state 'AVAILABLE' and connection 'CONNECTED'. To the right of the table is a context menu with options: Copy User (highlighted with a red box), Reboot, Rebuild, Restore, and Stop.

You then get a screen to fill in the information for the new user. When you have finished, select Save. This then goes into the Task Queue (which you can view from the menu). When complete, it will disappear from the list. The user will also get an email to say that their WorkSpace has been set up if that option is chosen.

Copy User - nuvens

This utility will create a new user account in AD along with a WorkSpace.

The target AD domain will be the domain you authenticated against when you accessed this application

You will be sent an email with the login details once the process is completed. You can provide the login details to the new user once you have completed setting up their account

FirstName	Barry	LastName	Smith
UserName	bsmith	Email	barry.smith@nuvens.co.uk
Telephone	2398234	JobTitle	Head of IT
Mode	ALWAYS_ON		
Encrypt Root Volume	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Encrypt User Volume	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Save

3.2.1.4 Creating a WorkSpace from a user already in Active Directory

If your user already has an account in Active Directory, search for their account in 'Users'. Select the domain that you are searching if you are using multi-domain. **NOTE: As with any accounts you want to assign a WorkSpace to, it must have an email address associated with it. If an account has no email address, it will not show up in this search.**

Users 1		Home · Admin Dashboard · Users		
nuvens.local				
Domain	nuvens.local	User name	kevin	Search
Excel				
		Search:		
Name	Surname	Username	Email	Company
Kevin	Smith	nuvens\ksmith	kevin.smith@nuvens.co.uk	✓ 1/2/2021

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

Previous 1 Next

Select the user and WorkSpaces Manager will inform you if there is no WorkSpace for the user. You can now fill in the Directory, Region, Bundle, Running Mode and drive encryption options. When complete, select Save. As it says at the bottom, the user will be sent an email when the WorkSpace is created. If you wish to see the progress of the creation request, go to Task Queue in the main menu.

Kevin Smith

nuvens\ksmith

No WorkSpace can be located for this user in any directory. You can create a WorkSpace by selecting a Directory and Bundle below.

Send Email To
kevin.smith@nuvens.co.uk

Select Region
eu-west-1

Select Directory
[REDACTED]

Select Bundle
BaseBundle

Running Mode
ALWAYS_ON

Encrypt Root Volume

Encrypt User Volume

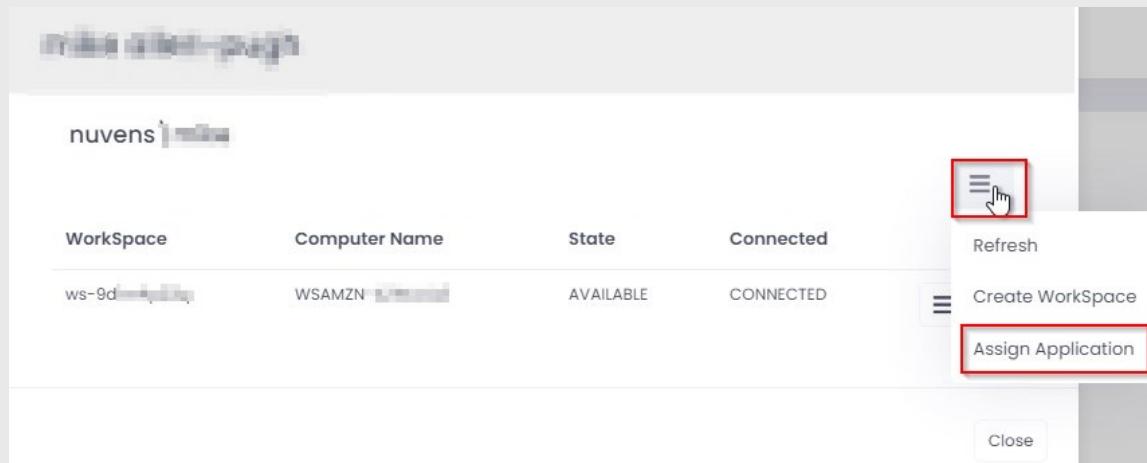
Save

Once the WorkSpace is created the user will be sent an email containing instructions on how to download a WorkSpace client and their login details.

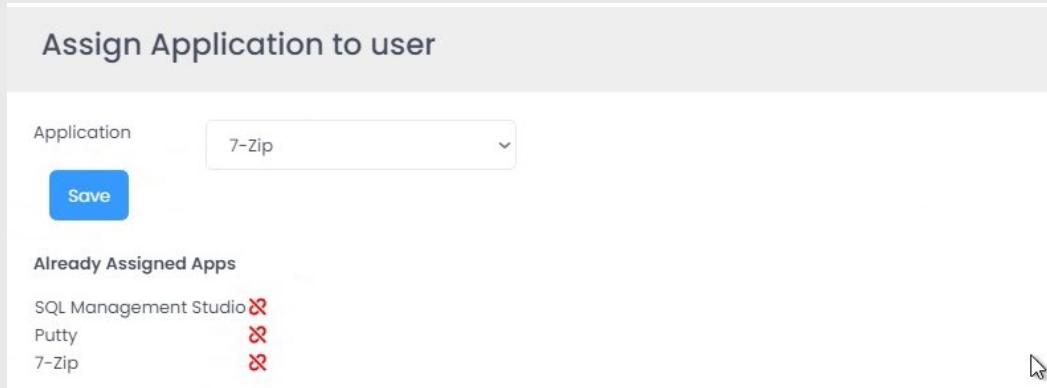
3.2.2 Adding an application to a user

A user can assign an application delivered to them via the likes of FlexApp, Cloudpaging, SCCM, etc, via their user portal (see [Section 2.2](#)). However, this may be a ‘paid for’ application (for example, MS Visio) and would require an administrator to add it for them.

Also, administrators can add applications that are no paid for themselves. To set up these applications, please refer to [Section 5](#).



To add an application to the user’s WorkSpace, select the application from the drop down list and select ‘Save’. To remove an application from the user’s list, select the icon to the right of the application in ‘Already assigned apps’.



3.3 WorkSpaces

If you go to the WorkSpace tab, you will see a list of the users with WorkSpaces. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

The screenshot shows the AWS WorkSpaces management console. At the top, there's a header with 'WorkSpaces' and a blue button labeled '284'. To the right are links for 'Home', 'Admin Dashboard', and 'WorkSpaces'. Below the header is a toolbar with buttons for 'Select Page', 'Unselect Page', 'Process Selected', and 'Excel'. A search bar is also present. The main area is a table with columns: Computer Name, WorkSpace, Username, IP Address, Compute, Mode, State, Last Connect, Directory, Region, and Agent. There are 8 rows of data, each representing a workspace with a unique identifier and status information.

Computer Name	WorkSpace	Username	IP Address	Compute	Mode	State	Last Connect	Directory	Region	Agent
EC2-10-0-0-0	ws-9d1...0000	nuvens...0000	10.0.0.1	STANDARD	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	10/20/2020 2:49:26 PM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-1	ws-9d1...0001	nuvens...0001	10.0.0.2	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	CONNECTED	1/26/2021 10:59:15 AM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-2	ws-9d1...0002	nuvens...0002	10.0.0.3	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/26/2021 10:29:25 PM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-3	ws-9d1...0003	nuvens...0003	10.0.0.4	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/25/2021 10:24:29 PM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-4	ws-9d1...0004	nuvens...0004	10.0.0.5	STANDARD	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/4/2020 11:26:57 AM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-5	ws-9d1...0005	nuvens...0005	10.0.0.6	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/25/2021 7:59:37 AM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-6	ws-9d1...0006	nuvens...0006	10.0.0.7	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	CONNECTED	1/26/2021 10:59:35 AM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No
EC2-10-0-0-7	ws-9d1...0007	nuvens...0007	10.0.0.8	STANDARD	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/22/2021 4:59:26 PM	d-1...e07	eu-west-1	No

If you select a WorkSpace, you will see the details for it. To manage it, select the Actions button. This will give you a range of options.

The screenshot shows the details page for a specific WorkSpace named 'ws-9d1...0000'. The page includes a summary table with fields like State, WorkSpace Name, Running Mode, IP, o/s, Tags, and utilization graphs for Processor and Memory. A red box highlights the 'Actions' button in the top right corner of the main content area. A dropdown menu is open, listing various management options: Refresh, RDP, Dameware, Reboot, Recovery Boot, Restore, Rebuild, Stop, Terminate, Schedule Termination, Change WorkSpace Type, Change WorkSpace Mode, Manage Tags, Change Reboot Hour, and Migrate. At the bottom right of the dropdown is a 'Close' button.

State	AVAILABLE / CONNECTED	Up Time	24.84 (Hours)
WorkSpace Name	WSAMZN-1...0000	Type	PERFORMANCE
Running Mode	AUTO_STOP	Bundle Id	wsb-b9j...0000
IP	10.0.0.1	Reboot Hour	
o/s	10		
Tags	NoReboot	True	
	NoRebuild	True	

% Processor Utilisation

80
60
40
20
0

62.49% available space

Root Volume

% Memory Utilisation

40
35
30
25
20
15

94.27% available

U

Close

3.3.1 Refresh

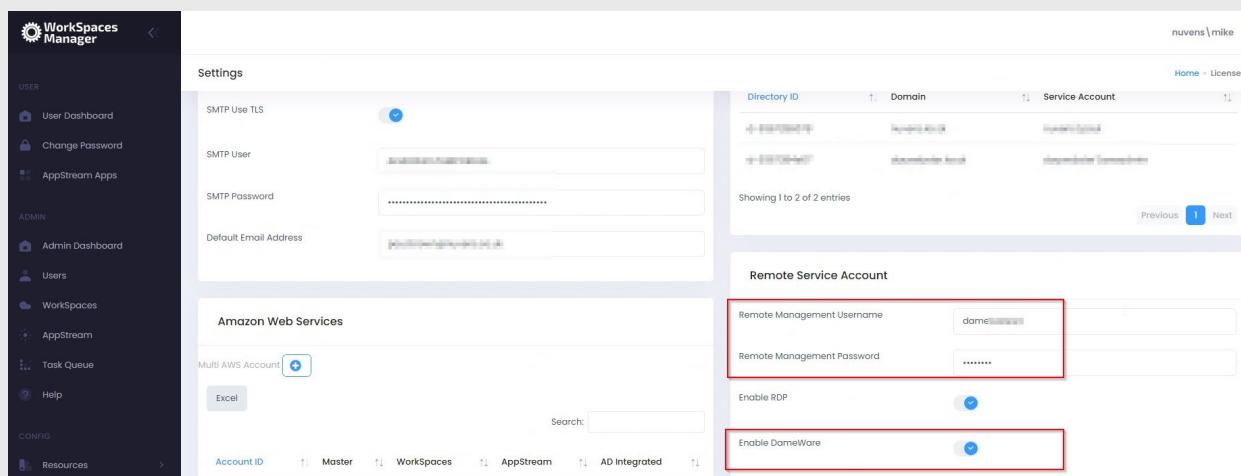
Refreshes the state of the WorkSpace to the latest state.

3.3.2 RDP

Downloads an RDP file so you can connect to the user's WorkSpace. Note, this is not shadowing a user. It just lets you get on to their WorkSpace to look at processes, memory, etc.

3.3.3 DameWare

This requires the DameWare agent to be installed onto the WorkSpace. For this to generate the correct downloadable batch file with the credentials already filled in to connect, you must enter the correct connection account name in the Remote Service Account section of 'Options > Settings'.



We have also tested this process with other session sharing tools such as TeamViewer. Please contact us for more information. The settings to auto-connect via DameWare can be found [here](#).

3.3.4 Reboot

Reboots the user WorkSpace.

3.3.5 Recovery Boot

In the event of your WorkSpace residing on faulty host and it will not start, a recovery reboot will move it to another host.

3.3.6 Restore

Restores a user's WorkSpace to the last known 'good' backup (AWS automatically takes backups every 12 hours).

3.3.7 Rebuild

If there are any issues with a user's Workspace that cannot be resolved, you can rebuild the Workspace to its original state. This will rebuild the WorkSpace C drive and will restore the contents of the D drive the last automatic backup (D drive backups occur every 12 hours).

3.3.8 Stop

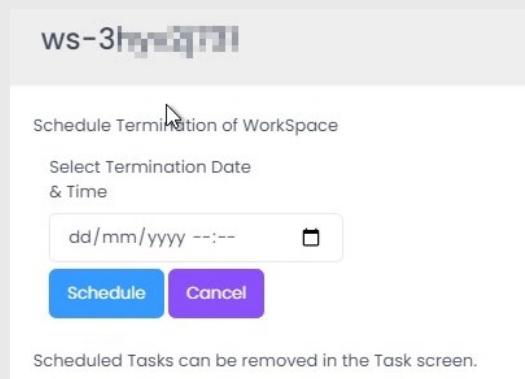
Stops the user WorkSpace.

3.3.9 Terminate

Deletes the WorkSpace permanently. Please note that if a WorkSpace is deleted, all contents will be lost. If a user has been storing configurations and documents on their D drive, then these will be permanently removed.

3.3.10 Schedule Termination

You can schedule a termination of a WorkSpace by entering the date and time of termination.

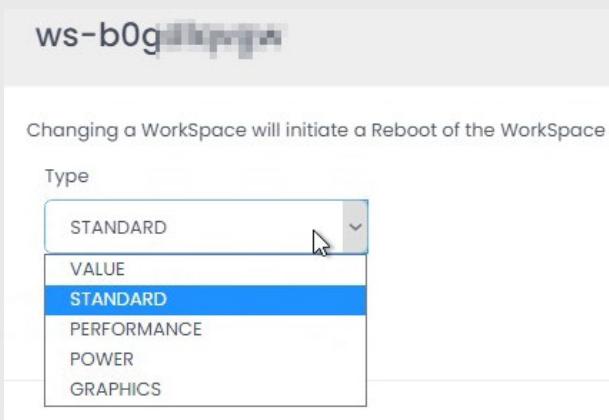


If you want to see what WorkSpaces are scheduled for deletion, go to the Task Queue option. If you want to delete the Scheduled Termination task, select 'Delete'.

The screenshot shows the 'Task Queue' section of the AWS WorkSpaces Manager. On the left is a sidebar with 'USER' and 'ADMIN' sections. The 'ADMIN' section includes 'Admin Dashboard', 'Users', 'WorkSpaces', 'AppStream', 'TaskQueue', and 'Help'. The main area is titled 'Task Queue' and has a sub-section 'Excel'. It displays a table with columns: Tid, Step, Username, User, Workspace, Invite, Completed, Last Update, Owner, Message, and two buttons: 'Termination Scheduled' and 'Delete'. A single row is shown in the table, with the 'Delete' button highlighted by a red box. The status 'Termination Scheduled' is also highlighted with a red box. The bottom of the table shows 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries' and navigation links 'Previous' and 'Next'.

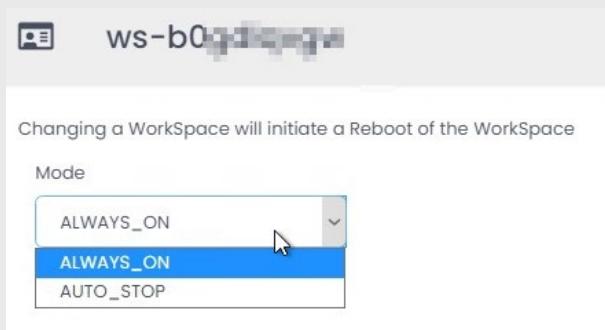
3.3.11 Change WorkSpace Type

This allows the administrator to change the type of WorkSpace to a different compute type. This is not available to normal users through User Dashboard as they could choose a more powerful (and more expensive) WorkSpace without the administrator(s) being advised. Note that you can only change a WorkSpace type again after 24 hours has elapsed.



3.3.12 Change WorkSpace Mode

Allows you to manually change the WorkSpace from ALWAYS_ON to AUTO_STOP and vice versa. There is no limit to how many times this can be changed in any given time period. This option is only available to WorkSpaces Manager administrators.



3.3.13 Manage Tags

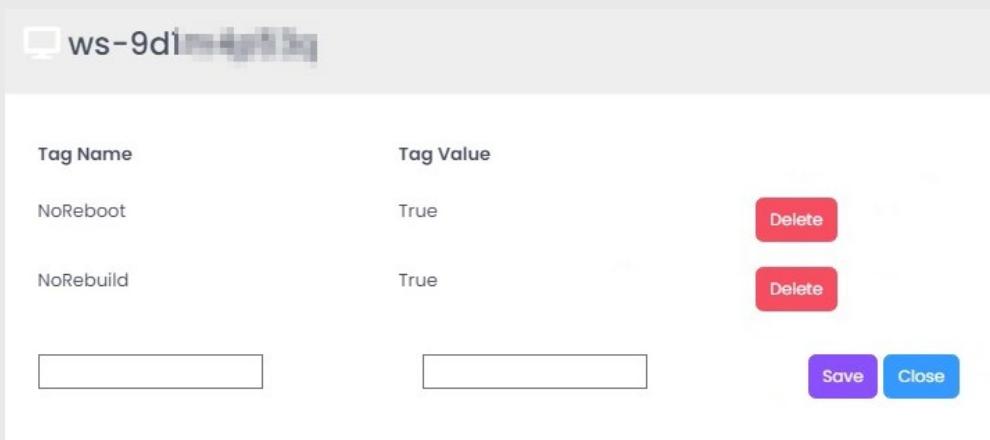
Allows you to add tags to the WorkSpace. You may need this for such things as billing. An example of tagging could be:

Cost Code = 2344

Department = Finance

** If you do not want your WorkSpace to be rebooted or rebuilt as part of a schedule, you can set a user WorkSpace tag as NoRebuild = True and/or NoReboot = True.

An example is if a user is a developer user and they have installed applications on their WorkSpaces. A WorkSpace rebuild will return the WorkSpace back to the original bundle build which will not have their custom applications. Hence, setting NoRebuild = True will stop this occurring as part of any automated task.

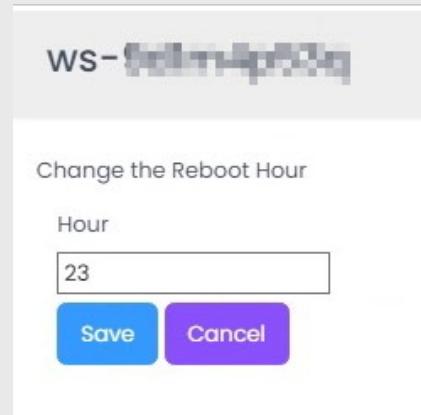


3.3.14 Change Reboot Hour

If you turn on the 'Auto Reboot' option in the Options > Settings > Amazon Web Services section, you can set the reboot time for individual WorkSpaces. By default, WorkSpaces do not automatically reboot, and this option allows you to set the option of doing so based on a time best suited to your user (or users).

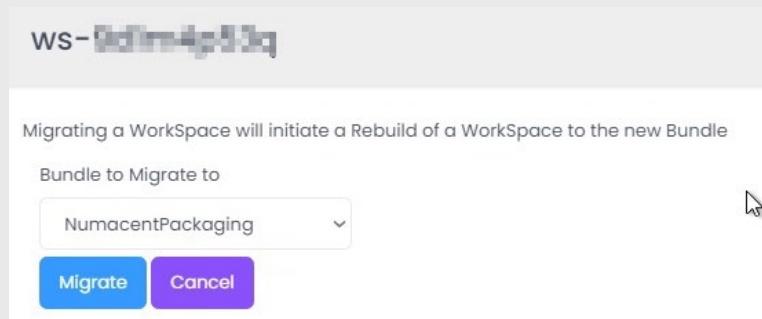
The screenshot shows the 'Settings' page in the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left, there's a sidebar with sections for USER (User Dashboard, Change Password, AppStream Apps), ADMIN (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help), and CONFIG (Resources, Update, Options). The main area has a 'Settings' tab with several configuration items: 'WorkSpaces' (True), 'AppStream' (True), 'Default AWS Region' (eu-west-1), 'Cost Optimizer Bucket' (workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket-), 'AppStream Bucket' (appstream-logs-eu-west-1-), 'AWS Cost Optimiser' (True), 'Dry Run Mode' (False), and 'Auto Reboot' (True). A red box highlights the 'Auto Reboot' setting. To the right is a 'Additional Options' panel with settings like 'Statistics Retention Days' (7), 'WorkSpace Service Update Frequency (mins)' (60), 'Portal URL' (https://nuvens.com), and various toggle switches for 'Multiple Account', 'Multiple Domains', 'Password Expiry Emails', 'User Restore', 'User Rebuild', and 'Disable Scheduler'.

You can then set the reboot hour (24-hour format). This is in 24-hour format (i.e. 11pm is 23).



3.3.15 Migrate

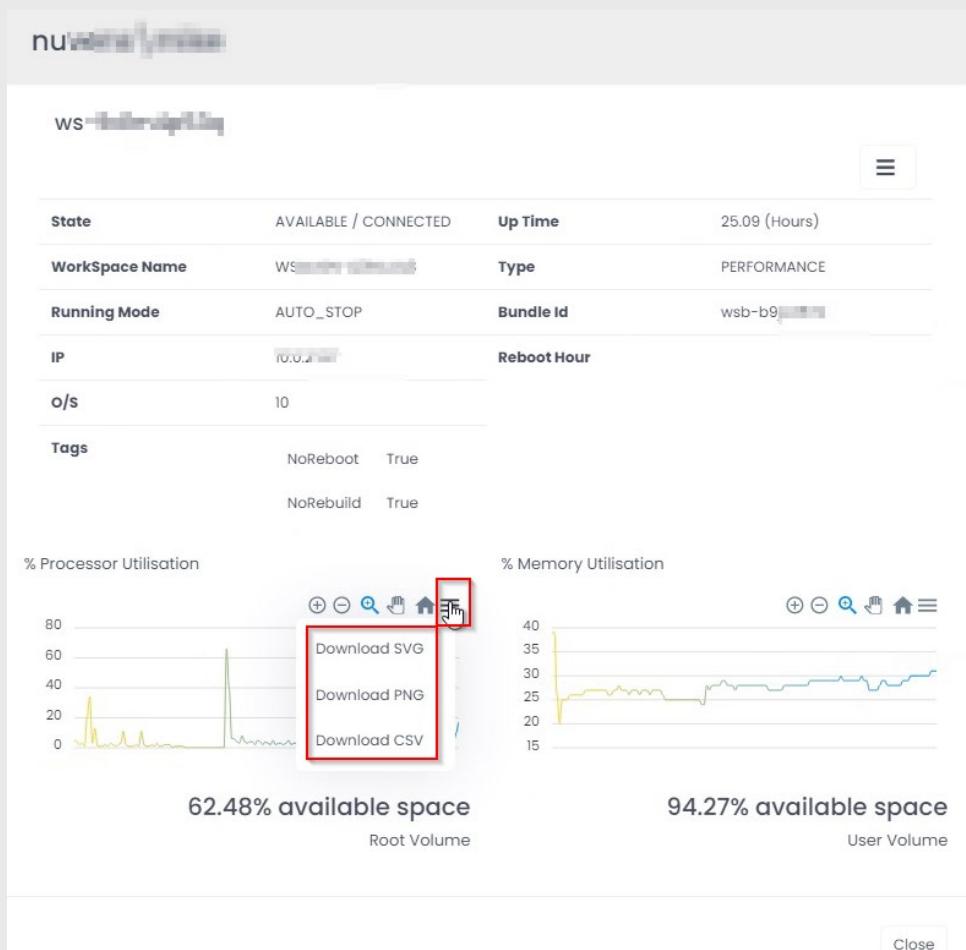
This enables you to migrate a user from one bundle to another.



3.3.16 Processor and Memory utilisation.

Statistics are available if you have installed the WorkSpace Performance Monitor Agent (Windows only) as highlighted in the 'Workspaces Manager Installation Guide'. By hovering over points in the graph, you can see approximately when spikes occur. You can also zoom in and out and download graphs in SVG, PNG and CSV format.

At the bottom, it shows the % Free space on the root (C) and user (D) volumes.



3.3.17 Client IP and approximate location

You can view the approximate location of a user by selecting the icon next to their 'Client IP'.

The screenshot shows the nuvens dashboard for a workspace named 'ws-hp'. The top section displays basic workspace information:

State	AVAILABLE / CONNECTED	Up Time	535.82 (Hours)
WorkSpace Name	[REDACTED]	Type	PERFORMANCE
Running Mode	ALWAYS_ON	Bundle Id	wsb-g/[REDACTED]
IP	192.168.1.100	Reboot Hour	
o/s	10	Client IP	[REDACTED] i
Tags	NoReboot: True NoRebuild: True	Last Login	12/2/2020 8:19:09 AM

Below this are two performance monitoring sections:

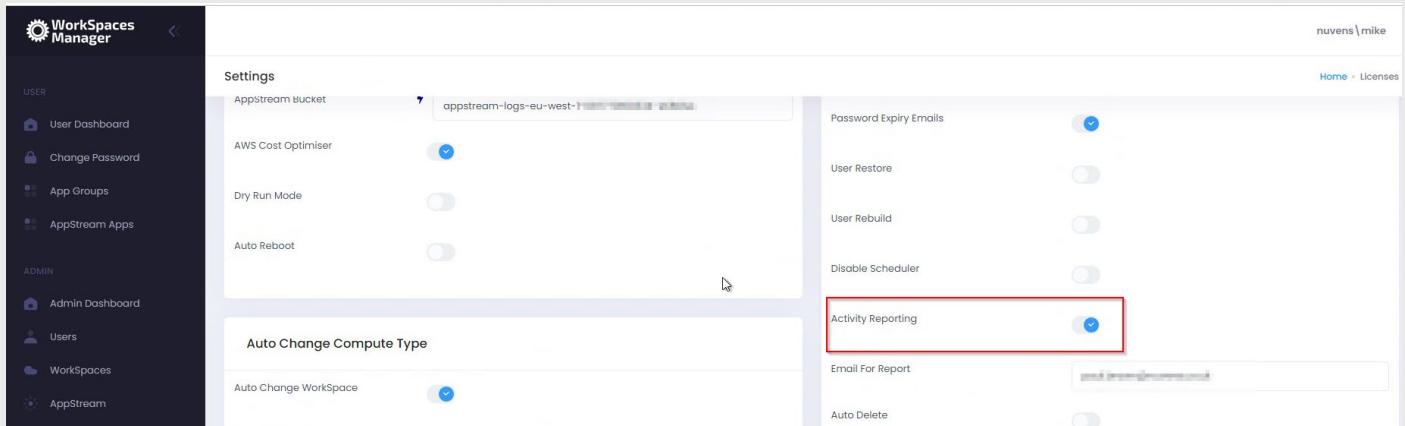
- % Processor Utilisation**: A line graph showing spikes between 0% and 60% over time. Below it, text indicates "33.41% available space" and "Root Volume".
- % Memory Utilisation**: A line graph showing a steady increase from approximately 34.0% to 38.0%. Below it, text indicates "72.92% available space" and "User Volume".

This will then show you their approximate location.

The screenshot shows the nuvens dashboard for the same workspace, now focusing on the 'Approximate Location' section. A map of Basildon, Essex, is displayed with a red dot indicating the approximate location of the client IP. The map includes labels for various streets and landmarks. To the right of the map, there is a sidebar with the following information:

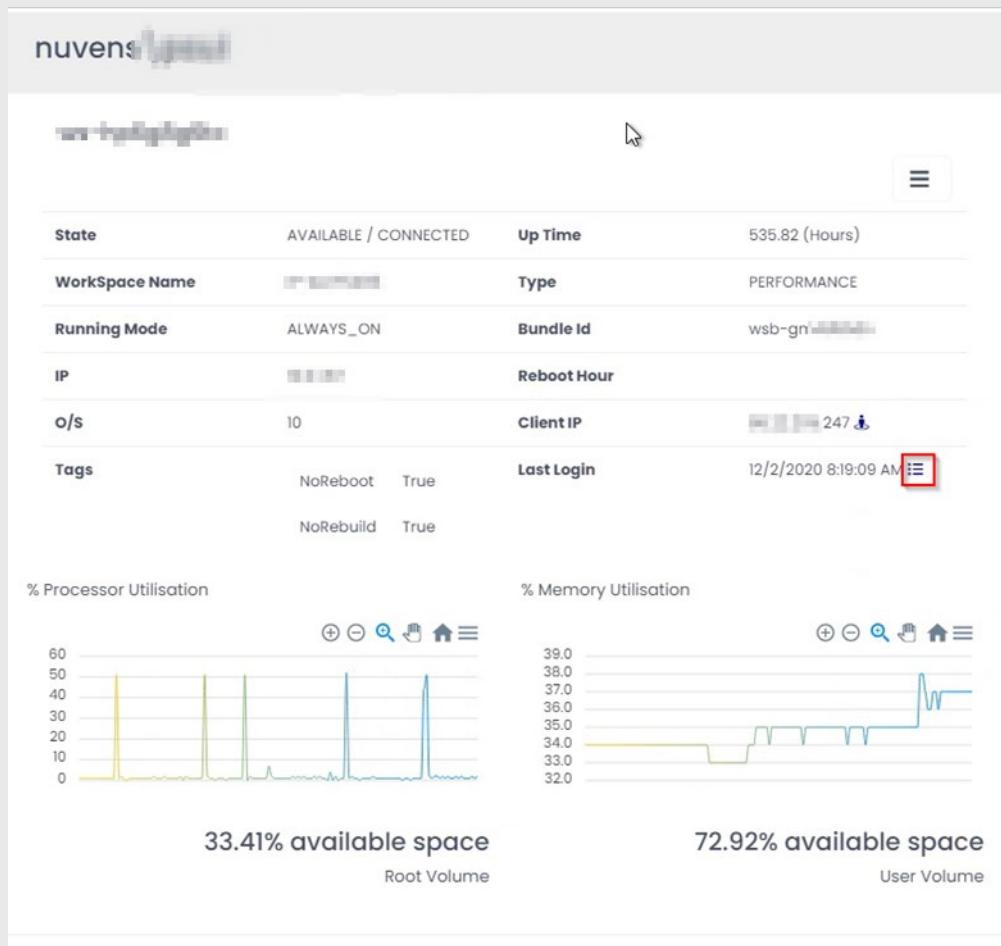
- Client IP: [REDACTED] i
- Processor Utilisation: 33.41% available space (Root Volume)
- Memory Utilisation: 72.92% available space (User Volume)

You can enable\disable the activity reporting function in the 'Additional Options' section of Options\Settings.



3.3.18 User last login times and dates.

You can view user activity (logon\logoff\disconnect\idle) times and dates of a user by selecting the icon next to their 'Last Login'.



This shows their activity.

Date	Event
12/4/2020 8:51:00 AM	Login
12/3/2020 5:21:00 PM	Disconnect
12/3/2020 8:51:00 AM	Login
12/2/2020 5:51:00 PM	Disconnect
12/2/2020 8:36:00 AM	Login
12/1/2020 5:36:00 PM	Disconnect
12/1/2020 11:36:00 AM	Login
12/1/2020 11:06:00 AM	Disconnect
12/1/2020 8:36:00 AM	Login
11/30/2020 4:51:00 PM	Disconnect
11/30/2020 2:21:00 PM	Login
11/30/2020 2:06:00 PM	Disconnect
11/30/2020 1:51:00 PM	Login
11/30/2020 1:36:00 PM	Disconnect
11/30/2020 8:36:00 AM	Login
11/27/2020 5:06:00 PM	Disconnect

3.4 Task Queue

This shows you the status of creation of WorkSpaces and users accounts if you are using the Import Template function. The update job runs every 10 minutes, hence please wait for the status to be updated in the next running job update phase. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

It also shows you tasks such as scheduled terminations of WorkSpaces.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links for User Dashboard, Change Password, Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, and Task Queue. The Task Queue link is highlighted with a red box and has a mouse cursor hovering over it. The main content area is titled 'Task Queue' and shows a table with columns: Tid, Step, Username, User, WorkSpace, Invite, Completed, Last Update, Owner, Message, and two unnamed columns. A message at the bottom of the table says 'Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries'. The top right corner shows the user 'nuvens\mike'.

4. Config

This covers the Config section of the Portal.

4.1 Resources

4.1.1 Bundles

Lists all the WorkSpace bundles in the AWS account. The Search feature is available to filter. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

Bundles 8												Home		Admin Dashboard		Bundles		
												Search:						
Excel																		
Bundle Id	Account	Region	Name	Description	Compute Type	Image	Update	Root Vol	User Vol									
wsb-lghsp...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	NumacentPackaging	Packaging image	STANDARD	Appspackaging	1/30/2020 4:32:20 PM	80	100									
wsb-5tb44...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	nuvens-wsp	wsp beta	STANDARD	nuvens-wsp	11/11/2020 5:23:11 PM	80	50									
wsb-73ss6...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	Workspace_Develop_Bundle	Workspace_Develop_Bundle	PERFORMANCE	Workspace_Develop_1.2	4/25/2017 8:43:40 AM	80	100									
wsb-80182...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	test	test	STANDARD	test	5/4/2020 3:11:48 PM	80	50									
wsb-b20z5...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	Workspace_Windows_Bundle	Workspace_Windows_Bundle	STANDARD	Workspace_Windows_2.7	1/23/2020 12:06:19 PM	80	50									
wsb-d6n9r...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	NumacentAppPackaging	packaging apps	STANDARD	NumacentPackaging	1/31/2020 4:36:43 PM	80	100									
wsb-djvwo...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	BaseBundle	BaseBundle	PERFORMANCE	BaseImage	10/12/2018 8:24:35 AM	80	50									
wsb-vlw95...	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	nuvens	value bundle	VALUE	BaseImage	6/17/2019 4:00:55 PM	80	100									
Showing 1 to 8 of 8 entries																Previous	1	Next

4.1.2 Directories

Lists all the WorkSpace Directories in the AWS account. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

WorkSpace Directories 2										Home				Admin Dashboard		WorkSpace Directories			
										Search:									
Excel																			
Directory Id	Account	Region	Domain Name	Alias	Type	Registration Code	Updated												
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	MicrosoftAD	[REDACTED]	10/28/2020 4:00:03 PM												
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	eu-west-1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	AD_CONNECTOR	[REDACTED]	10/28/2020 4:00:03 PM												
Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries														Previous	1	Next			

4.1.3 Regions

Lists all the regions configured for the account and whether the AppStream service is available in them. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

Regions 2			
		Home > Admin Dashboard > Regions	
		Search: <input type="text"/>	
Region	AppStream Available		
Ireland	True		
London	False		

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries

Previous 1 Next

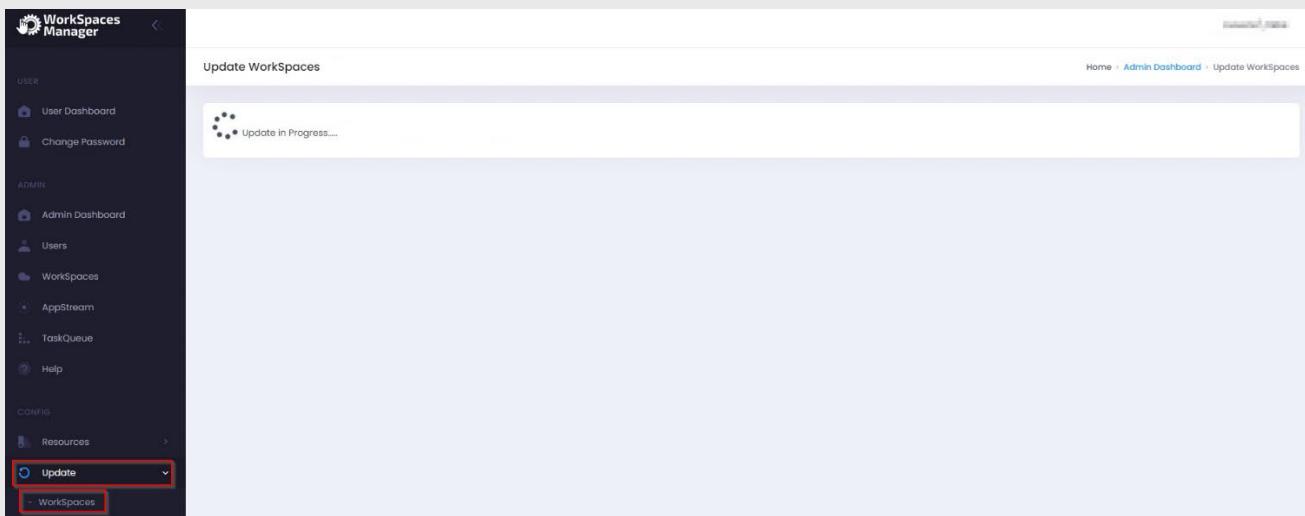
4.1.4 Images

Lists all the WorkSpace images in the AWS account. This list is fully searchable by part searches on the contents of any column.

Images 16								Home > Admin Dashboard > Images	
								Search: <input type="text"/>	
Account	Name	Image Id	O/S	State	Description	Tenancy			
	Workspace_Windows_2.7	wsl-205cy...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.7	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_2.6	wsl-56d2k...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.6	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_1.9	wsl-5c2b6...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_1.9	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_2.0	wsl-5w38w...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.0	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_2.5	wsl-gfzglv...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.5	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_2.3	wsl-gq660...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.3	DEFAULT			
	Workspace_Windows_2.1	wsl-hnrdvj...	WINDOWS	AVAILABLE	Workspace_Windows_2.1	DEFAULT			

4.2 Update

This ensures that the data that you are presented with for AD users, WorkSpaces, etc, is fully up to date in the local database on the WorkSpaces Manager appliance. You can choose whichever section of the database you want to update. If you do a Full Update ('All'), it will take longer as it will do each of the updates. If you are working in a large Active Directory environment with a lot of WorkSpaces, this may take some time. It will inform you of when it is complete.



When you select an update on any of the options, wait for the status update to say, 'Update of WorkSpaces Completed'.

4.2.1 WorkSpaces

Performs a quick update of existing WorkSpaces. This will only update WorkSpaces that you have permission to manage.

4.2.2 Tags

Update Tags of existing WorkSpaces. This will only update Tags for WorkSpaces that you have permission to manage.

4.2.3 Orphans

This is the same report as in [Section 4.4.6](#).

4.2.4 Directories

This will update directories in all Regions.

4.2.5 All

Performs every update option. This can take some time, especially in large environments with many WorkSpaces.

4.2.6 Update Fleets

Updates AppStream Fleet information.

4.2.7 Update Fleet usage

Updates the AppStream Fleet usage.

4.2.8 Update session data

Updates the AppStream session data for reports.

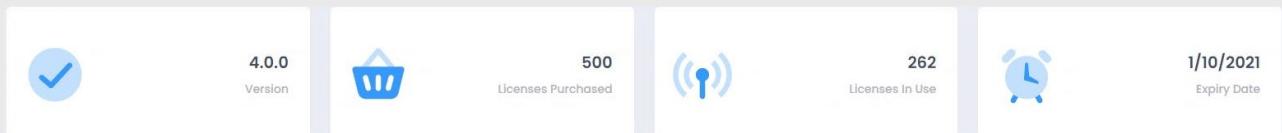
4.3 Options

4.3.1 Settings

This is your main setup page. Most will have been filled in as part of your installation.

4.3.1.1 Licenses

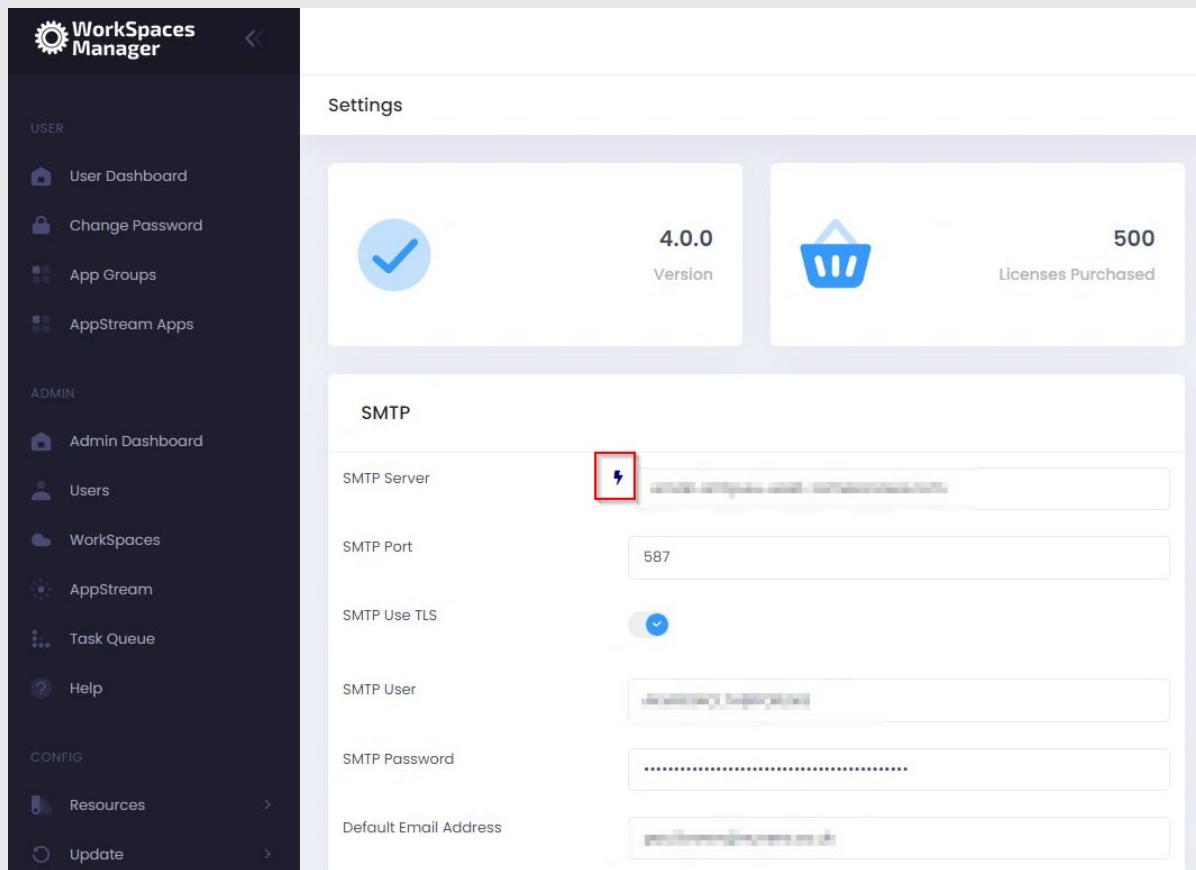
This shows the WorkSpaces Manager version, the number of licenses procured, the current number of licenses in use and the expiry date of the license.



4.3.1.2 SMTP

This enables you to send emails to users when their new WorkSpace is ready and\or if their password is to expire.

You could use AWS Simple Email Service to achieve this, or your own SMTP setup. You can test the connection by selecting the icon highlighted.



4.3.1.3 Remote Service Account

This is an account that you configure to remote control user devices using Dameware, etc. This is the generic account that you connect with (which will be standard throughout your organisation). You can remote control a user's WorkSpaces by selecting 'Dameware' (if you have selected the 'Enable Dameware' option in 'Additional Options' and it downloads a connection file for you to run.

4.3.1.3.1 Enable RDP

Enables the option for downloading an RDP file to connect to the user's WorkSpace from within the Portal.

4.3.1.3.2 Enable DameWare

Enables the option for downloading an RDP file to connect to the user's WorkSpace from within the Portal.

The screenshot shows the 'Settings' page in the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'USER', 'ADMIN', and 'CONFIG' sections. The 'CONFIG' section has 'Resources' expanded, showing 'Update', 'Options', and 'Reports'. The main area has a 'Settings' tab selected. Under 'Amazon Web Services', there's a 'Multi AWS Account' section with an 'Excel' button. On the right, there's a 'Remote Service Account' section with fields for 'Remote Management Username' (set to 'domew*****') and 'Remote Management Password'. Below these are two checkboxes: 'Enable RDP' (checked) and 'Enable DameWare' (checked). The 'Enable DameWare' checkbox is highlighted with a red box.

4.3.1.4 Auto Change Compute Type

You can opt for WorkSpaces Manager to automatically change compute type of a WorkSpace. This is useful if, for example, you had a user running heavy spreadsheets on a Standard WorkSpace and it would benefit them with being upgraded to a Performance WorkSpace.

Set Low and High Processor and Memory values (these are up to you). WorkSpaces Manager will also advise you of recommendations.

The screenshot shows the 'Settings' page in the WorkSpaces Manager. The sidebar is the same as the previous screenshot. The main area has a 'Settings' tab selected. Under 'Auto Change Compute Type', there's a section with a 'Auto Change WorkSpace' checkbox (checked), followed by four input fields for 'Low Processor %' (10), 'High Processor %' (90), 'Low Memory %' (15), and 'High Memory %' (90). These four items are highlighted with a red box. To the right, there's a column of checkboxes for various features like 'Password Expiry Emails', 'User Restore', etc., many of which are checked.

It will also advise the user in their portal if an optimisation recommendation is required. They can either schedule it there and then, or can schedule it at another time (i.e., when they are not working).

The screenshot shows the 'User Dashboard' page of the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation links for 'USER' (User Dashboard, Change Password, App Groups, AppStream Apps), 'ADMIN' (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help), and 'CONFIG' (Resources). The main content area has a title 'WorkSpace Details' and a table of information:

Username	nuvens\as2test
WorkSpace ID	ws-d78z9j4b6
WorkSpace Name	EC2AMAZ-2BRSCBJ
Running Mode	AUTO_STOP
Type	VALUE
IP	10.0.2.153
Connection State	AVAILABLE
Password Expiry	Never Expires

Below this is an 'Optimisation Recommendation' section with a message about performance metrics and two buttons: 'Optimise Now' (orange) and 'Schedule Optimisation' (blue). To the right are two circular performance indicators: 'Processor Utilisation' at 36% and 'Memory Utilisation' at 94%.

4.3.1.5 Active Directory (Single\Multiple Domain Forest)

You can either have a single Active Directory domain for WorkSpaces, or multiples.

The screenshot shows the 'Settings' page of the WorkSpaces Manager. The left sidebar includes 'USER' (User Dashboard, Change Password, App Groups, AppStream Apps), 'ADMIN' (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help), and 'CONFIG' (Resources). The main content area has sections for 'SMTP' (with fields for Server, Port, TLS, User, Password) and 'Active Directory (Multi Domain Forest)' (with a red box around it). The 'Active Directory' section includes tabs for 'Excel' and 'Search', and a table with columns for 'Directory ID', 'Domain', and 'Service Account'. The table shows two entries, with a note 'Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries'.

On initial setup, and by default, you will have one domain. You can enable multiple domains by enabling the feature below in Additional Options.

The screenshot shows the AWS WorkSpaces Manager Settings page. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links for User, Admin, and Config sections. The main area has a table with columns: Account ID, Master, WorkSpaces, AppStream, and AD Integrated. Below the table, it says 'Showing 1 to 2 of 2 entries'. There are two rows: one for 'WorkSpaces' and one for 'AppStream', both with a blue checkmark icon. Under 'Default AWS Region', the value is 'eu-west-1'. Under 'Cost Optimizer Bucket', the value is 'workspacescostoptimizer-costoptim...'. Under 'AppStream Bucket', the value is 'appstream-logs-eu-west-1-...'. On the right side, there's a 'Enable DameWare' toggle switch (which is checked). Below it is a section titled 'Additional Options' with several settings: 'Statistics Retention Days' (set to 7), 'WorkSpace Service Update Frequency (mins)' (set to 60), 'Portal URL' (with a placeholder 'https://...', which is also copied to clipboard), 'Multiple Account' (with a blue checkmark icon), and 'Multiple Domains' (which is highlighted with a red box and has a blue checkmark icon). At the bottom is a 'Password Expiry Emails' toggle switch (which is checked).

You will then add the details for your domain.

AD Service Account and password:

When creating the AD Service Account to support AWS WorkSpaces you will have already provided an account with permissions to create computer objects within AD to the OU specified at the time.

We recommend using the same service account and providing additional permissions to delete computer objects.

NetBIOS name:

NetBIOS name of the domain that your WorkSpaces will be joining.

FQDN:

Fully Qualified Domain Name of the domain that your WorkSpaces will be joining.

Default User OU:

If you create a user in the 'Add User' section of the Portal, this is where it will place that user. If you use the 'Import Template' then you can specify where you want the user(s) to be located per OU or by copying template users.

Example:

Add Domain

Directory ID
d-12345678

FQDN
mydomain.local

Netbios Name
mydomain

Default OU
OU=Users,DC=mydomain,DC=local

Service Account
mydomain\serviceaccount

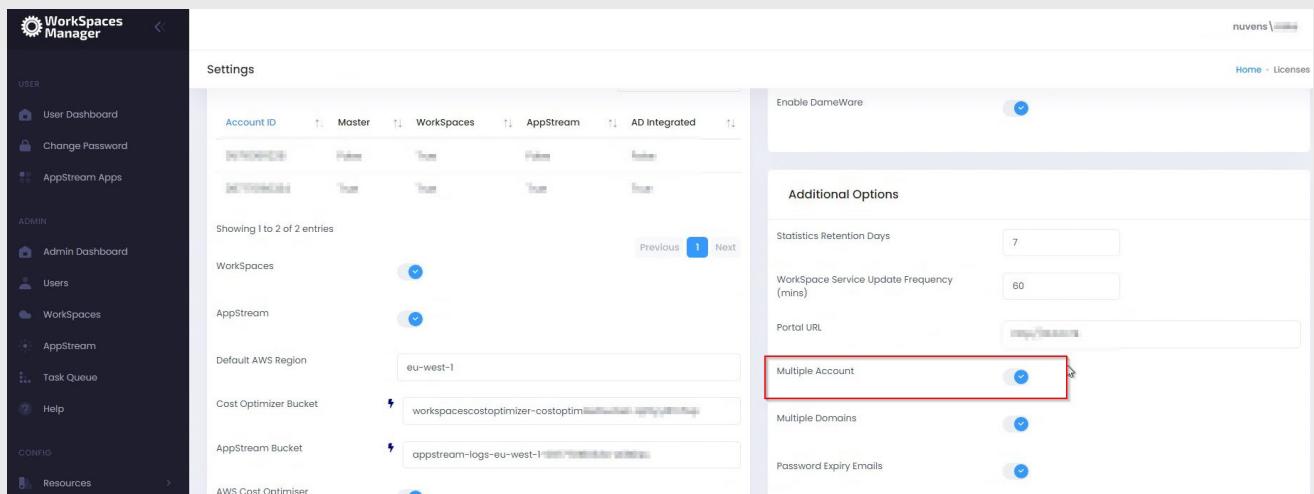
Password
.....|

Save

4.3.1.6 Amazon Web Services

4.3.1.6.1 Single\Multi-AWS Account

WorkSpaces Manager allows you manage WorkSpaces across single, or multiple, AWS accounts. When you set up WorkSpaces Manager, you will set up a single account. You can set up multi-AWS accounts by enabling this function and following the instructions in [Section 7](#) of this document.



The screenshot shows the 'Settings' page in the WorkSpaces Manager. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'USER' (User Dashboard, Change Password, AppStream Apps), 'ADMIN' (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help), and 'CONFIG' (Resources). The main area has a table with columns: Account ID, Master, WorkSpaces, AppStream, and AD Integrated. There are two entries: one with Account ID '0E...' (Master: False, WorkSpaces: True, AppStream: False, AD Integrated: False) and another with Account ID '0877...' (Master: True, WorkSpaces: True, AppStream: True, AD Integrated: True). To the right of the table are 'Additional Options' for Enable DameWare, Statistics Retention Days (7), WorkSpace Service Update Frequency (mins) (60), Portal URL, and 'Multiple Account' (which is checked and highlighted with a red box). Other options like Multiple Domains and Password Expiry Emails are also present.

You will see a summary of the Account ID(s) when they are added.

Account ID	Master	WorkSpaces	AppStream	AD Integrated
0E...	False	True	False	False
0877...	True	True	True	True

Click on one and you will see the options. You can turn some on and off (like Dry Run mode) as preferences.

The screenshot shows the 'Preferences' configuration page for AWS WorkSpaces. It includes fields for AWS Account (05-XXXXXX), Default region (eu-west-1), Role To Assume (arn:aws:iam:XXXXXX:XXXXXX), AccessLog Group (/aws/events/workspaceaccess), and various checkboxes for AD Integrated, WorkSpaces, AWS Cost Optimiser, Cost Optimizer Bucket (workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket), Dry Run Mode, AppStream, and AppStream Bucket. A 'Save' button is at the bottom.

AWS Account

Default region

Role To Assume

AccessLog Group

AD Integrated

WorkSpaces

AWS Cost Optimiser

Cost Optimizer Bucket

Dry Run Mode

AppStream

AppStream Bucket

Save

4.3.1.6.2 WorkSpaces

Turns on the WorkSpaces Management menu function.

4.3.1.6.3 AppStream

Turns on the AppStream Management menu function.

4.3.1.6.4 Default AWS Region

This is the AWS Region that your Amazon WorkSpaces are hosted in. For example, Ireland will be eu-west-1. A full list of Regions can be located [here](#).

4.3.1.6.5 Cost Optimizer Bucket

This is the bucket name mentioned in the 'AWS WorkSpaces Cost Optimizer' section earlier on the document.

4.3.1.6.6 AppStream Bucket

Specifies the AppStream Usage bucket.

4.3.1.6.7 AWS Cost Optimizer

This enables the AWS Cost Optimiser.

4.3.1.6.8 Dry Run

Running the Cost Optimiser in Dry Run Mode will show you the changes that would have been made.

4.3.1.6.9 Auto Reboot

This gives the ability to set reboot times on WorkSpaces. This is available once you have set up the Portal.

4.3.1.7 Additional Options

4.3.1.7.1 Statistics Retention Days

If the WorkSpace Performance Monitor Agent has been deployed to the WorkSpaces, it will be reporting back to the server key metric statistics periodically as defined in the Group Policy (see section in the 'WorkSpaces Manager Installation Guide' on 'Installing The WorkSpaces Performance Monitor Agent'). In a large estate, this will create millions of rows within the database over a period. The number of days that are retained within the database can be specified here. If the number of days is too high on a large estate (e.g., 60) then it will have an impact on queries of statistics and increased disk space usage. For smaller estates, you can set this to 30 days and monitor from there.

4.3.1.7.2 WorkSpace Service Update Frequency (mins)

This will automatically update the local database with up-to-date information on this period. 15 minutes is sufficient for most cases, but you would not want to do this on, for example, a 1-minute period on a very large WorkSpaces and user estate. If you need to do a manual update for any reason, you can do this in the Update section of the portal.

4.3.1.7.3 Portal URL

Enter your portal URL here. e.g. <http://ourwsmportal.mycompany.internal>.

4.3.1.7.4 Multiple Account

This enables management of WorkSpaces across multiple AWS accounts. Please refer to [Section 7](#) of this document which tells you how to set it up.

4.3.1.7.5 Multiple Domains

If you are using a multi-domain forest, you can add multiple domains that host your user accounts. Therefore, their WorkSpaces can be managed, searched, and reported on.

4.3.1.7.6 Password Expiry Emails

If this is chosen, users will receive a notification email two weeks prior to their password expiring. This can be turned on\off whenever and is not required to complete the Portal configuration at this stage.

4.3.1.7.7 User Restore

Enables the Self-Service function for a user to restore their WorkSpace to a last known healthy state. Automatic snapshots for use when restoring a WorkSpace are scheduled every 12 hours. If the WorkSpace is healthy, snapshots of both the root volume and user volume are created around the same time. If the WorkSpace is unhealthy, these snapshots are not created.

If needed, a user can restore a WorkSpace to its last known healthy state. This recreates both the root volume and user volume, based on the most recent snapshots of these volumes that were created when the WorkSpace was healthy.

4.3.1.7.8 User Rebuild

Enables the Self-Service function for a user to rebuild their WorkSpace.

The system is refreshed with the most recent image of the bundle that the WorkSpace was created from. Any applications that were installed, or system settings that were changed after the WorkSpace was created, are lost.

The user volume (for Microsoft Windows, the D drive; for Linux, /home) is recreated from the most recent snapshot. The current contents of the user volume are overwritten.

Automatic snapshots for use when rebuilding a WorkSpace are scheduled every 12 hours. If the WorkSpace is healthy, a snapshot of the user volume is created. If the WorkSpace is unhealthy, the snapshot is not created.

The primary elastic network interface is recreated. The WorkSpace receives a new private IP address.

4.3.1.7.9 Disable Scheduler

This quickly disables ALL automation of the WSM Appliance.

4.3.1.7.10 Activity Reporting

This enables\disables the sending of a daily report on user login, logoff, idle times and when activity was resumed. The report is sent at 3am each morning. An example report is shown below:

1	id	ComputeTypeName	Username	Activity	ActivityTime
2	386	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 3:52:11 PM
3	389	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 3:55:47 PM
4	393	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 4:02:49 PM
5	397	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 4:57:33 PM
6	399	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 5:00:00 PM
7	401	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 5:14:59 PM
8	402	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 16 minutes	12/9/2020 5:16:59 PM
9	405	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 5:34:59 PM
10	406	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 15 minutes	12/9/2020 5:35:59 PM
11	410	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 6:00:59 PM
12	411	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 48 minutes	12/9/2020 6:34:59 PM
13	413	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 7:09:00 PM
14	415	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 183 minutes	12/9/2020 9:58:00 PM
15	416	WSAMZN-9VEI39FQ	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 10:13:00 PM
16	383	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 3:15:16 PM
17	384	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 3:24:22 PM
18	385	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 3:27:56 PM
19	387	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 3:54:35 PM
20	388	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 3:55:11 PM
21	390	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 3:56:58 PM
22	391	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 3:59:33 PM
23	396	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 4:43:33 PM
24	398	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 29 minutes	12/9/2020 4:58:33 PM
25	403	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Logoff	12/9/2020 5:31:57 PM
26	404	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 5:32:58 PM
27	409	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 5:55:58 PM
28	412	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 77 minutes	12/9/2020 6:58:58 PM
29	414	WSAMZN-421NLAQ3	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 7:13:58 PM
30	379	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 307 minutes	12/9/2020 2:36:39 AM
31	380	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 3:01:40 AM
32	381	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 341 minutes	12/9/2020 8:22:44 AM
33	382	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 8:44:40 AM
34	394	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 472 minutes	12/9/2020 4:16:41 PM
35	400	IP-AC1F5495	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 5:10:41 PM
36	392	EC2AMAZ-32D5533	nuvens\██████	User Login	12/9/2020 4:02:30 PM
37	395	EC2AMAZ-32D5533	nuvens\██████	idle detected	12/9/2020 4:30:29 PM
38	407	EC2AMAZ-32D5533	nuvens\██████	Activity Resumed after 88 minutes	12/9/2020 5:44:29 PM

4.3.1.7.11 Email For Report

The email of the person\group that receives the Activity report.

4.3.1.7.12 Auto Delete

You can set up WSM to automatically delete unused workspaces after a defined period of days.

4.3.1.7.13 Auto Delete Days

This value is the number of days a WorkSpace should be considered for deletion e.g., 45 or 60 days.

4.3.1.7.14 Safety Days Before Termination

This value is the number of days a user will be given to inform their helpdesk or IT Function that they still require the WorkSpace before deletion.

For example, if Autodelete was set for 60 days. On the 60th day of the WorkSpace being unused, the user that is associated with the WorkSpace will receive an email informing them that their WorkSpace is to be deleted in (Safety days VALUE) with the request for them to contact support remove the Autodeletion request. After the safety days value and if autodeletion is not removed.

4.3.1.7.15 Auto-Provision

Turns on Auto-Provisioning of WorkSpaces via Active Directory groups. See [Section 4.3.5](#) for more information on this.

If Auto-Provision is enabled, the service will poll the Active Directory groups every 15 minutes for new members.

Removing a user from the AD group will not terminate the WorkSpace. This functionality can be obtained in conjunction with Auto-Delete.

4.3.1.7.16 Unhealthy Reboot

If this option is enabled the service will check for any WorkSpaces with a status of "UnHealthy" every 10 minutes. Any WorkSpaces found in this state will have there status re-evaluated and if still found to be "UnHealthy" they will be rebooted. If after a reboot the status remains at "UnHealthy" the WorkSpace running mode will be set to "Auto-Stop" (if not already) and the WorkSpace Stopped. Once Stopped the WorkSpace will be Started again and its original running mode restored. This action can initiate a migration from the underlying physical host. If the WorkSpace remains in an "UnHealthy" state an error is recorded on the admin dashboard.

4.3.1.8 Applications

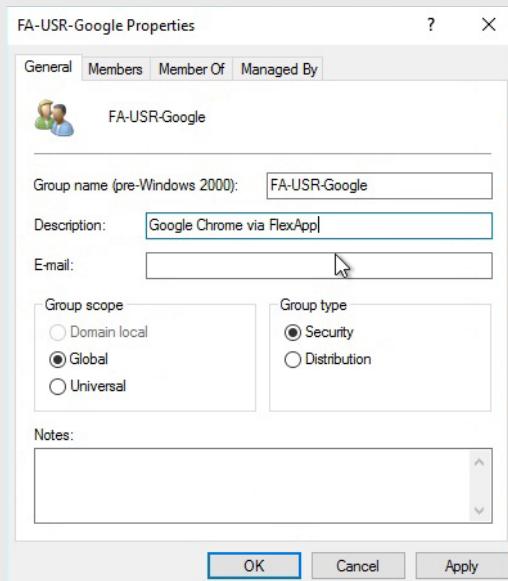
This allows users to Self-Service their applications in their dashboard - from Numecent Cloudpaging and products such as FlexApp, APP-V, etc. You can enable both here.

4.3.1.8.1 AD Group applications

Enable this if you use software distribution on to your WorkSpaces from the likes of Liquidware FlexApp, App-V, etc. This allows users to add and remove applications available to them through the Self-Service side of the WorkSpaces Manager Portal. You can change this to your own prefix when you have logged into the Portal. For example, your FlexApp groups could be prefixed 'FA-USR'.

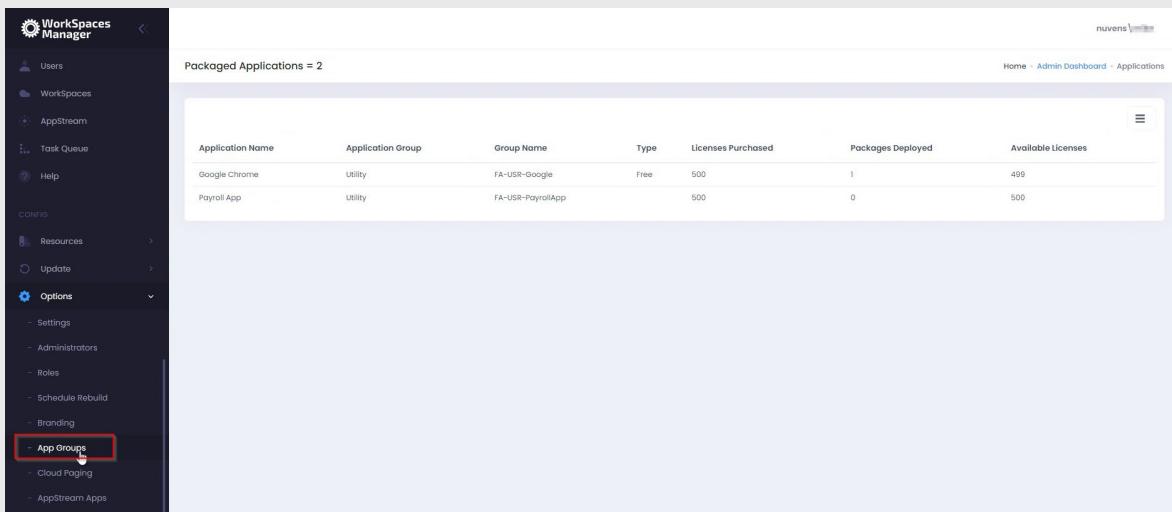
By default, any new imported applications based on the prefix group name (in the example below, 'FA-USR') are given the 'Application Group' of 'App' and the 'Type' of 'Free'.

For an application group to be imported into this list, it will need to have a Description and the group prefix specified in the 'Application Group Prefix' field of 'Options > Settings > Applications'. An example:



This is a list of applications that a user can add\remove as a Self-Service function in the WorkSpaces Manager portal. To know more about this, go to [Section 5](#) where you will be shown how to amend this list where it says 'Type'. All imported applications are 'Free' of Type by default - a user can add and remove themselves from the application in the WorkSpaces Manager Self-

Service portal. However, you may want to amend the 'Type' to 'Paid' for such applications as Visio which have licensing constraints. A user can hence remove themselves from the group, but will have to ask the Service Desk (or another AD administrator) to add them back in.



The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with various navigation options: Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help, and CONFIG. Under CONFIG, there are Resources, Update, and Options. The Options section is expanded, showing Settings, Administrators, Roles, Schedule Rebuild, Branding, and App Groups. The 'App Groups' option is highlighted with a red box. The main content area displays a table titled 'Packaged Applications = 2'. The table has columns for Application Name, Application Group, Group Name, Type, Licenses Purchased, Packages Deployed, and Available Licenses. Two entries are listed: Google Chrome (Utility, FA-USR-Google, Free, 500, 1, 499) and Payroll App (Utility, FA-USR-PayrollApp, 500, 0, 500). The top right corner of the main area shows the URL 'nuvens\.../m...' and the path 'Home - Admin Dashboard - Applications'.

Application Name	Application Group	Group Name	Type	Licenses Purchased	Packages Deployed	Available Licenses
Google Chrome	Utility	FA-USR-Google	Free	500	1	499
Payroll App	Utility	FA-USR-PayrollApp		500	0	500

4.3.1.8.2 Application Group Prefix

As above, this is the prefix of your application distribution groups with whatever product you are using (FlexApp, App-V, etc).

4.3.1.8.3 Cloudpaging Applications

If you want to use Numecent Cloudpaging applications with WorkSpaces, you can enable this feature on here.

4.3.1.8.4 Cloudpaging Username

This is where you enter the account name that you use for Numecent Cloudpaging.

4.3.2 Administrators

You can granularly assign WorkSpaces Manager portal admin users to do specific tasks.

Name	Username	Email	Role
Administrator	Administrator	Administrator@nuvens.com.au	Administrator
Support Staff	SupportStaff	SupportStaff@nuvens.com.au	support staff
Helpdesk	Helpdesk	Helpdesk@nuvens.com.au	HelpDeskNuvens
Manager	Manager	Manager@nuvens.com.au	Administrator
Analyst	Analyst	Analyst@nuvens.com.au	support staff
Developer	Developer	Developer@nuvens.com.au	Administrator
Tester	Tester	Tester@nuvens.com.au	Administrator

This especially useful for delegation of support roles purposes where you do not want all users to have full administration rights over every WorkSpace in the estate. For example, you may have two staff who look after users who have critical roles and policy stipulates that they are the only users who can change the reboot times for their WorkSpaces.

4.3.2.1 Adding a new portal Administrator

IMPORTANT NOTE: Before you do this, check the Roles, and make sure that there is an Administrator role set up with 'SysAdmin' permissions. Go to Section 6.3 and add a sysadmin role with the following selections.

Add Role	
Role Name	Administrator
Role Description	Master System Administrator Role
Sys Admin	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> View Reports <input type="checkbox"/>
Create WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Change Mode <input type="checkbox"/> Import AD Users <input type="checkbox"/>
Terminate WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Add Tags <input type="checkbox"/> Change Compute <input type="checkbox"/>
Restart WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Change Reboot Time <input type="checkbox"/> Create AD User <input type="checkbox"/>
Restore WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Manage Apps <input type="checkbox"/>
Rebuild WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Manage Users <input type="checkbox"/>
Stop/Start WS	<input type="checkbox"/> Manual Update <input type="checkbox"/>
AppStream Permissions	
Stop/Start Fleet	<input type="checkbox"/> Change Fleet <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	

To add a new portal administrator, select the icon on the right and select 'Add Administrator'.

Name	Username	Email	Role
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Administrator
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	support staff
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	HelpDeskNuvens
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Administrator
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	support staff
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Administrator
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Administrator

Now fill in the administrator details from Active Directory. Ensure that the username is prefixed with your domain name. You can choose the Role Name for this user. The Roles are defined in the next section and you can set up whatever roles you wish for that user to fulfil their working role. In this case, we want our portal admin to just be able to restart, stop and start a users' WorkSpace (which we have defined in our roles as a 'Support Staff' role).

James Fryer

Name	James Fryer
UserName	nuvens\jamesf
Email	james.fryer@nuvens.co.uk
Role Name	support staff

Save Delete

4.3.2.2 Restricting users to Regions, Directories or Tags

For delegation of support roles purposes, you may wish to have portal administrators restricted to WorkSpaces in specific AWS Regions (e.g., a support team in APAC), specific WorkSpace Directories (e.g., which may contain Finance and Marketing users only) or WorkSpace Tags (e.g., the Department is Finance).

James Fryer

Action

Region: James Fryer
Directory: nuvens\jamesf
Tag: nuvens\jamesf

Email: james.fryer@nuvens.co.uk
Role Name: support staff

Save **Delete**

Regions: eu-west-1
Directories: No Restrictions
Tags: Department (Finance)

With this user, we have restricted the administrator to WorkSpaces in eu-west-1 Region, with no specific WorkSpace Directory, and any WorkSpaces that are tagged with 'Department' of 'Finance'. They cannot administer anything other than these WorkSpaces (for example, they cannot terminate\reboot a WorkSpace in 'Marketing'). You can add remove Regions, Directories and Tags but selecting the 'Action' button on the top left.

- Add Region to James Fryer:** Shows 'Region' selected, with 'eu-west-1' listed. Buttons: Delete, Save, Close.
- Add Directory to James Fryer:** Shows 'Directory' selected, with an empty input field. Buttons: Save, Close.
- Add TAG to James Fryer:** Shows 'TAG Name' as 'Department' and 'TAG Value' as 'Finance'. Buttons: Delete, Save, Close.

4.3.3 Roles

You can create roles which can be assigned to WorkSpaces Manager portal administrators. Only these functions will be available to them from within the WorkSpaces Manager portal.

User Roles	4	Home - User Roles
Role	Description	
Administrator	Master System Administrator Role	
support staff	Support Staff role limited to Restart, Stop & Start	
Tag administration	Allows a user to add fixed tags	
Developer Restart	Developer Restart	

Add Role

You add a new role by selecting the 'Action' button on top right. In this example, we want to create a role which only allows the user with that role assigned the ability to Restart, Stop and Start a users' WorkSpace. When you have chosen the actions, select 'Save'. You can change these at any time by double clicking on the role and saving it.

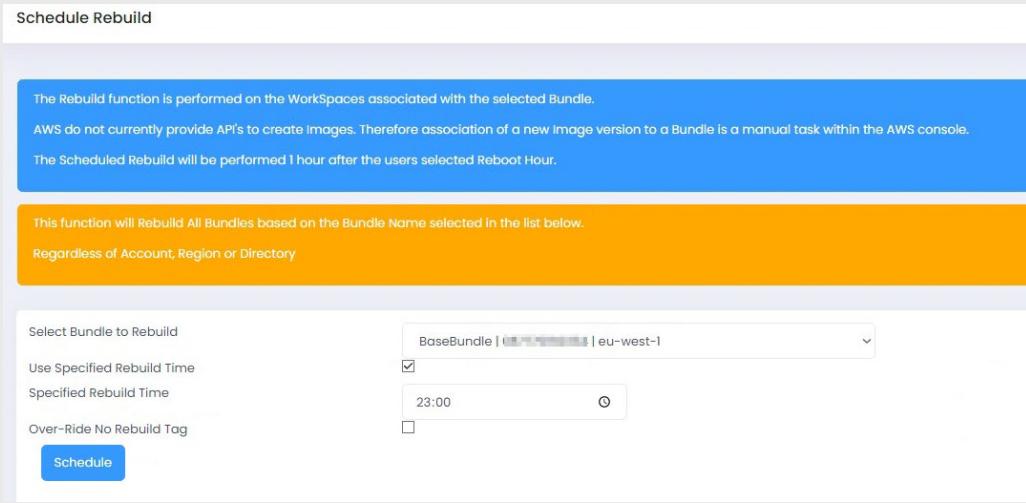
Add Role

Role Name	Support staff				
Role Description					
Sys Admin	<input type="checkbox"/>	View Reports	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Create WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>	Import AD Users	<input type="checkbox"/>
Terminate WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Add Tags	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Compute	<input type="checkbox"/>
Restart WS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Change Reboot Time	<input type="checkbox"/>	Create AD User	<input type="checkbox"/>
Restore WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manage Apps	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Rebuild WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manage Users	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Stop/Start WS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Manual Update	<input type="checkbox"/>		
AppStream Permissions					
Stop/Start Fleet	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Fleet	<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="button" value="Save"/>					

NOTE: Even though the user has permissions to restart, stop and start a Workspace here as part of their role, they may be restricted by Regions, Directories and Tags above (as in [Section 4.3.2.2](#)). So, for example, a user cannot restart\stop\start a WorkSpace of a WorkSpace tagged with 'Department – Catering' if they only have permissions to do so with 'Department – Finance' tagged WorkSpaces.

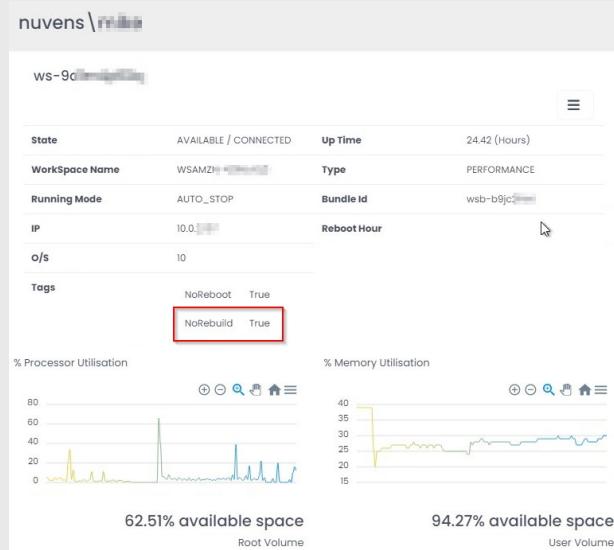
4.3.4 Schedule Rebuild

The Rebuild function is performed on the WorkSpaces associated with a selected bundle. AWS do not currently provide API's to create images, therefore association of a new image version to a bundle is a manual task within the AWS console. The Scheduled Rebuild will be performed 1 hour after the user's selected Reboot Hour. The function will rebuild all bundles based on the bundle name selected in the last below regardless of Account, Region or Directory.



Example of a rebuild process:

Here we are going to rebuild all WorkSpaces in a bundle called 'nuvens-wsp' tomorrow morning at 01:00. Some of our development users have installed applications of their own and have a tag set on their WorkSpace called NoRebuild = True. These WorkSpaces will be omitted from the task.



Select 'Schedule'. You can, at this point, select to override the 'NoRebuild' tag as mentioned above.

Schedule Rebuild

The Rebuild function is performed on the WorkSpaces associated with the selected Bundle.
 AWS do not currently provide API's to create Images. Therefore association of a new Image version to a Bundle is a manual task within the AWS console.
 The Scheduled Rebuild will be performed 1 hour after the users selected Reboot Hour.

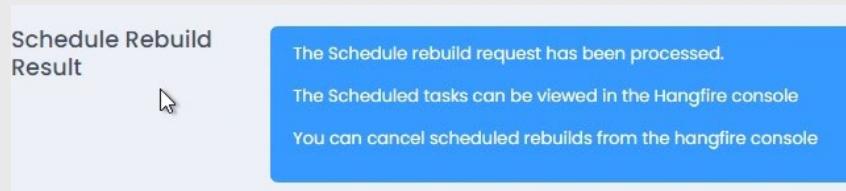
This function will Rebuild All Bundles based on the Bundle Name selected in the list below.
 Regardless of Account, Region or Directory

Select Bundle to Rebuild: BaseBundle | [REDACTED] | eu-west-1

Use Specified Rebuild Time: Specified Rebuild Time: 23:00

Over-Ride No Rebuild Tag

You will now see a screen confirming that the scheduled task has been submitted to the Hangfire console.



To view the task, go to the Hangfire console (<http://your-WSM-IP-or-FQDN/hangfire>).
 Go to the Scheduled Jobs tab and you will see an AmazonService.ScheduledRebuildWorkSpace task which is due in around 12 hours.

Hangfire Dashboard Jobs (0) Retries (0) Recurring Jobs (12) Servers (1)

Enqueued	(0 / 0)
Scheduled	(1)
Processing	(0)
Succeeded	(57,756)
Failed	(0)
Deleted	(72)
Awaiting	(0)

Scheduled Jobs

Items per page:

<input type="checkbox"/> Id	Enqueue	Job	Scheduled
<input type="checkbox"/> #67825	in 12 hours	AmazonService.ScheduleRebuildWorkspace	3 minutes ago

Total items: 1

Select the ID and it will give you more information about the task. You can identify bundle ID in the red box.

The screenshot shows the Hangfire Dashboard with the following details:

- Header: Hangfire Dashboard, Jobs (0), Retries (0), Recurring Jobs (12), Servers (1), Back to site.
- Left sidebar: Enqueued (0/0), Scheduled (1), Processing (0), Succeeded (57,757), Failed (0), Deleted (72), Awaiting (0).
- Main area title: AmazonService.ScheduleRebuildWorkspace
- Job details:
 - Code snippet:

```
// Job ID: #67825
using DAL.Services;

var amazonService = Activate<AmazonService>();
await amazonService.ScheduleRebuildworkspace(3451);
```

The line `await amazonService.ScheduleRebuildworkspace(3451);` is highlighted with a red box.
 - CurrentCulture: "en-US"
 - CurrentUICulture: "en-US"
- State:
 - Scheduled (4 minutes ago (+<1ms))
 - Enqueue at: in 12 hours
 - Created (4 minutes ago)

Buttons: Requeue, Delete

4.3.4 Schedule Start

If you want to patch WorkSpaces and to ensure that they are on at the time, you can now schedule the start of stopped 'Auto-Stop' WorkSpaces. To do this, you select the bundle, select the date\time that you want them to start and then select 'Schedule'. If you want to stop all stopped WorkSpaces regardless of bundle, select the button to the right of 'Start All Stopped WorkSpaces'.

The 'Schedule Start' dialog box contains the following information:

Schedule Start

The Start function is generally performed on the WorkSpaces associated with the selected Bundle.
It allows WorkSpaces that are "AUTO STOP" to be started for scheduled patching
The override allows ALL STOPPED WorkSpaces to be started.

Select Bundle to Start: BaseBundle | 087770160334 | eu-west-1

Start Time: dd/mm/yyyy --:--

Start All Stopped WorkSpaces

Schedule

4.3.5 AP (Auto-Provisioning) Profiles

You can now choose to Auto-Provision WorkSpaces by putting users in an Active Directory group. Select 'Add Profile'.

The screenshot shows a table titled 'Auto Provision Profiles' with one row of data. The columns are: AD Group, AWS Account, Directory Id, Bundle Id, Region, Encrypt Root, Encrypt User, and Running Mode. The data row is: NuvensWorkSpace, [redacted], [redacted], wsb-v[redacted], eu-west-1, False, False, AUTO_STOP. There is a red box around the 'Add Profile' button in the top right corner of the table header area. The bottom of the table shows 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries' and navigation buttons for 'Previous' and 'Next'.

Now type in the Active Directory group, select the AWS Region for the WorkSpaces to be created, select the WorkSpaces directory, select the WorkSpaces bundle, select the AWS account number that the WorkSpaces will reside in, select the running mode and then select to enable\disable root and user volume encryption. Then press 'Save'.

The screenshot shows the configuration dialog for 'NuvensWorkSpace'. It includes fields for AD Group Name (NuvensWorkSpace), Select Region (eu-west-1), Select Directory (nuvens), Select Bundle (nuvens), Encrypt Root Volume (disabled), Mode (AUTO_STOP), Encrypt User Volume (disabled). Below these are Profile Tags: Environment (Production) and Department (Technical), each with a 'Delete' button. At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons, and a 'Select Tag Name' dropdown with an 'Add Tag' button. A 'Close' button is at the bottom right.

If Auto-Provision is enabled, the service will poll the Active Directory groups every 15 minutes for new members.

Removing a user from the AD group will not terminate the WorkSpace. This functionality can be obtained in conjunction with Auto-Delete.

4.3.6 Fixed tags

It is important to obtain consistency when manually tagging WorkSpaces. You can achieve this with the fixed tagging functionality.

To be able to assign tags to user WorkSpaces, the portal administrator needs permission to do so via a role. Roles can be accessed in the portal under (Roles > Options) and covered in [Section 4.3.3](#). Sys Admin permissions have this permission by default.

In the role below, you can see that the role assigned to an administrator only allows them to add tags.

Add Role

Role Name	Tag administration		
Role Description	Allows a user to add fixed tags		
Sys Admin	<input type="checkbox"/>	View Reports	<input type="checkbox"/>
Create WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>
Terminate WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Add Tags	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Restart WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Reboot Time	<input type="checkbox"/>
Restore WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manage Apps	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rebuild WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manage Users	<input type="checkbox"/>
Stop/Start WS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Manual Update	<input type="checkbox"/>
AppStream Permissions			
Stop/Start Fleet	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Fleet	<input type="checkbox"/>
Save Delete			

We will create a tag called Cost Centre and will populate this with some dummy values for different Cost Centres in an organisation. First, select 'Add Tag Name' from the menu.

Fixed Tags

Tag Name	Enforced Values
Alternate Email	* delete
Contact Number	* delete
Department	✓ delete view
Environment	✓ delete view

No enforced values Tag selected

Add Tag Name

Then add 'Cost Centre' as the Tag name and then select the 'Fixed Tag Values' option and then select 'Save'. If you don't select this, then you can assign that tag, but you will have to type in a value (for example, something unique like an alternative email address, mobile number, etc).

Add TAG Name

Add Tag Name

Tag Name: Cost Centre

Fixed Tag Values:

Save

Now go back to Fixed Tags and select 'View' next to Cost Centre and you'll see no tag values as we've not created one. Select 'Add Tag Value' from the menu option.

Fixed Tags

Tag Name	Enforced Values
Alternate Email	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button>
Contact Number	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button>
Cost Centre	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Department	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Environment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Holcim	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>

Tag Value for "Cost Centre"

- FR-234 delete
- GB-I23 delete
- USA-342 delete

Add Tag Value

Then start adding your tags. Add one and then select 'Save'. You then repeat the process to add others and you will see them as Tag Values against the Cost Centre tag. You can also delete tags here too if you have made any errors in typing, etc.

Fixed Tags

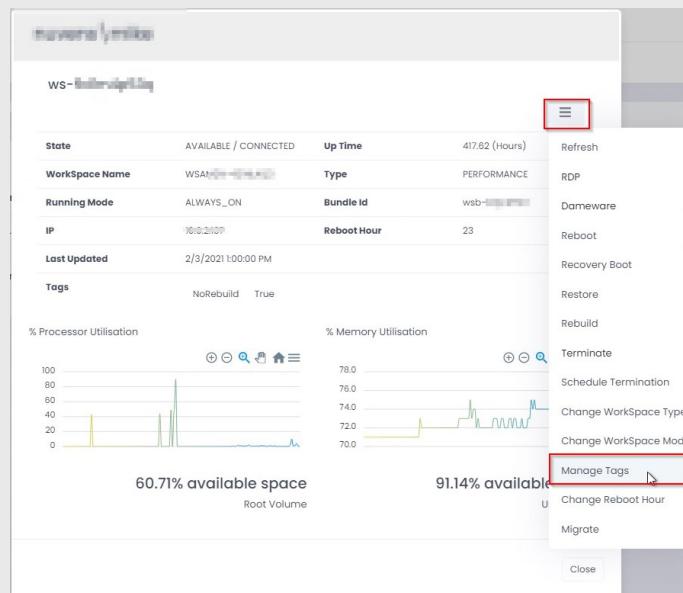
Tag Name	Enforced Values
Alternate Email	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button>
Contact Number	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button>
Cost Centre	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Department	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Environment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>
Holcim	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <button>delete</button> <button>view</button>

Tag Value for "Cost Centre"

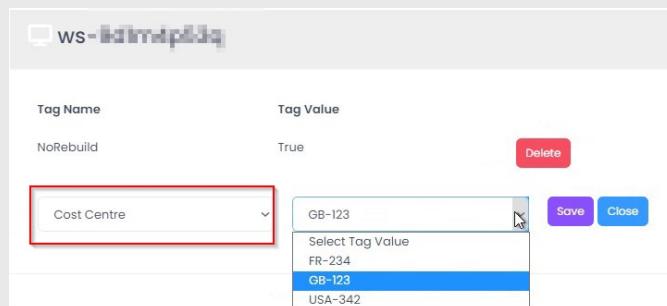
- FR-234 delete
- GB-I23 delete
- USA-342 delete

Add Tag Value

You can now add a fixed tag to a user's WorkSpace. We will add the Country of United Kingdom to a user's WorkSpace. Go to the list of WorkSpaces in the portal and search for your user. Select 'Manage Tags' from the menu.



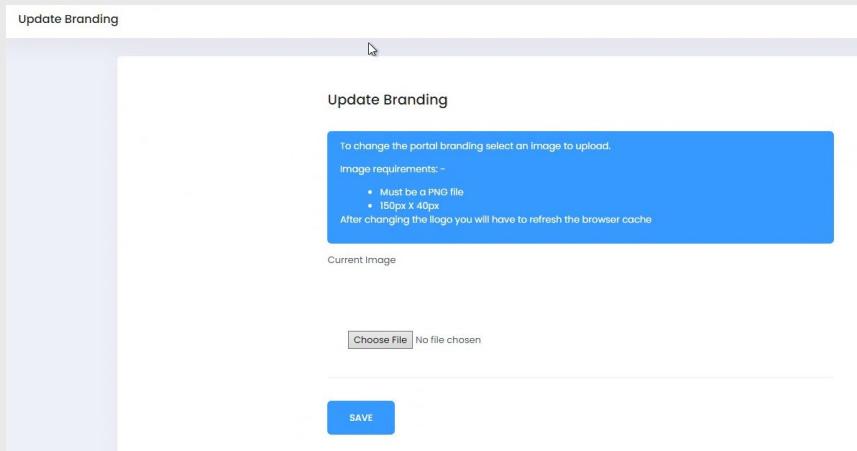
You can see that there is already a tag that exists, so we will now add the Cost Centre of 'GB-123' to this user's WorkSpace. Select 'Cost Centre' from the drop down box and then it will present you with your list of fixed tags. Select GB-123 and then select 'Save'.



Carry out this process for any other fixed tags that you wish to apply.

4.3.7 Branding

You can brand the WorkSpaces Manager portal with your company logo. It must be 150px x 40px in size.



4.4 Reports

You can control who has access to the Reports section by assigning the 'View Reports' permission based on a role assigned to a user in Section 4.3.3.

Add Role

Role Name	Support staff
Role Description	
Sys Admin	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> View Reports <input type="checkbox"/>

4.4.1 Cost Estimator and Optimizer

This report shows if the optimiser has changed, or has changed, the running modes of a WorkSpaces. You can let the optimizer do it for you, or you can view the recommendations (click on the blue bar at the top) and you can change the type manually. This report can be exported to Excel.

Cost Estimator & Optimizer

Show 15 recommendations. Recommendations are based on average use for current month

Excel

Search:

Workspace ID	Initial Mode	Hours in use	Threshold	Change	Current Mode	Estimated Cost	Projection
ws-00██████	ALWAYS_ON	68	85	No Change	ALWAYS_ON	\$ 34.00	Optimised
ws-04██████	ALWAYS_ON	1	0	Skipped	ALWAYS_ON	\$ 34.00	Inefficient
ws-05██████	ALWAYS_ON	71	85	No Change	ALWAYS_ON	\$ 34.00	Optimised
ws-08██████	AUTO_STOP	1	85	No Change	AUTO_STOP	\$ 8.32	Optimised
ws-0b██████	AUTO_STOP	0	85	No Change	AUTO_STOP	\$ 8.00	Optimised
ws-0h██████	ALWAYS_ON	32	85	No Change	ALWAYS_ON	\$ 34.00	Optimised
ws-0e██████	AUTO_STOP	1	85	No Change	AUTO_STOP	\$ 8.32	Optimised
ws-0k██████	AUTO_STOP	2	85	No Change	AUTO_STOP	\$ 8.64	Optimised

You may have a recommendation at the top of the page where, if you click on the banner, you get the recommended optimisation(s).

WorkSpace	Recommendation
ws-045r[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 0 hours.
ws-0r89[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 62 hours.
ws-42wg[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 155 hours.
ws-6194[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 248 hours.
ws-6lb5[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 62 hours.
ws-8xcx[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 0 hours.
ws-9dln[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 217 hours.
ws-b5tg[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 124 hours.
ws-bj189[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 0 hours.
ws-bi46[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 93 hours.
ws-gqdf[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 31 hours.
ws-gyp[REDACTED]	Change Mode to ALWAYS_ON. Projected use for month is 186 hours.
ws-h738[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 0 hours.
ws-vbpz[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 0 hours.
ws-xmcj[REDACTED]	Change Mode to AUTO_STOP. Projected use for month is 62 hours.

PLEASE NOTE: AWS WorkSpaces Cost Optimiser requires enabling on your AWS account containing the WorkSpaces for these reports to be available. Additionally, this feature must be enabled in WorkSpaces Manager portal under 'Options\Settings'.

The screenshot shows the AWS WorkSpaces Manager interface. The left sidebar has sections for USER (User Dashboard, Change Password, AppStream Apps) and ADMIN (Admin Dashboard, Users, WorkSpaces, AppStream, Task Queue, Help). Under CONFIG, there are Resources, Update, Options, and Reports. The main area is titled 'Settings' and contains a 'Multi AWS Account' section with an Excel export button and a search bar. Below it is a table with columns: Account ID, Master, WorkSpaces, AppStream, and AD Integrated. The table has two entries. Underneath the table, there are sections for 'WorkSpaces' (with a toggle switch), 'AppStream' (with a toggle switch), 'Default AWS Region' (set to eu-west-1), 'Cost Optimizer Bucket' (set to workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket-[REDACTED]), 'AppStream Bucket' (set to appstream-logs-eu-west-1-[REDACTED]), and 'AWS Cost Optimiser' (with a toggle switch turned on).

4.4.2 Cost History

Shows the cost of your WorkSpaces over the last 12 months. The current month is based on the Cost Estimator above and will update at the end.



PLEASE NOTE: AWS WorkSpaces Cost Optimiser requires enabling on your AWS account containing the WorkSpaces for this to be available.

4.4.3 Unused

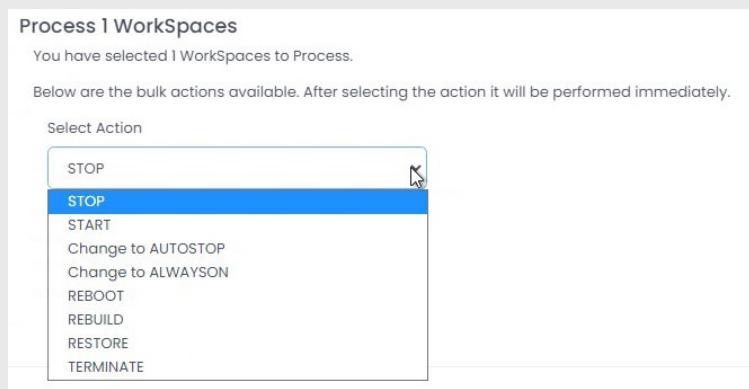
Gives a list of WorkSpaces that have not been used within 31 days (by default). Monitoring this every month can assist you in keeping your costs down. You may wish to change this to 90 days or whatever you like. If your users are not using their WorkSpace, you may query if they need it. This can be exported to Excel.

The screenshot shows the 'Unused Workspaces' page with a table of workspace details. At the top, there is a search bar and a 'Change Days' button. Below the table, there is a 'Process Selected' dropdown menu with various options.

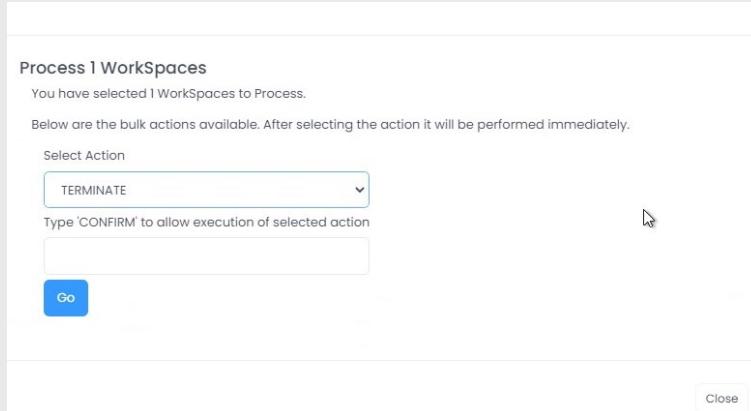
Computer Name	WorkSpace ID	Username	AD Enabled	IP Address	Mode	State	Last Connect	Directory	Agent	Bundle
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	10/20/2020 2:49:26 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/4/2020 11:26:57 AM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	AVAILABLE	12/3/2020 2:21:25 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 1:39:14 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/27/2020 3:19:28 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED] M07	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 3:05:01 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 4:02:32 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
EC2A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 1:59:39 PM	[REDACTED]84e07	No	[REDACTED]0z5f0nr
IP-A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	10/2/2019 7:28:27 AM	[REDACTED]286078	No	[REDACTED]bljg4r6
IP-A[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	✓	[REDACTED]	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	5/4/2020 2:23:54 PM	[REDACTED]286078	No	[REDACTED]bljg4r6

Actions:

- You can select the whole page or unselect it.
- You can also select WorkSpaces individually.
- You can then select 'Process Selected' to decide what you want to do with the WorkSpace(s).



If you choose Terminate, you will need to type in CONFIRM to process the termination of the WorkSpace(s).



You can also click on a WorkSpace and it will hyperlink directly to the information on that WorkSpace. You can then perform actions on it as normal.

4.4.4 Unhealthy

Gives a list of WorkSpaces that are in an Unhealthy status and users will not be able to reconnect to them without action. This can be a good pro-active remediation task, but please be aware that if somebody is running such processes as heavy compute then the CPU may be high over a long period of time. With the WorkSpaces Manager User Dashboard, users can reboot their own WorkSpaces if they get the 'Unhealthy' status on their WorkSpaces client.

This report can be exported to Excel. You can select the WorkSpaces and select Process Selected for rebooting them.

A screenshot of a web page titled 'UnHealthy WorkSpaces'. At the top, there are buttons for 'Select Page', 'Unselect Page', 'Process Selected', and 'Excel'. On the right, there is a 'Search:' input field. The main area contains a table with the following columns: Computer Name, Workspace ID, Username, IP Address, Mode, State, Last Connect, Directory, O/S, and Bundle. Below the table, a message says 'No data available in table'. At the bottom, it says 'Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries'. On the far right, there are 'Previous' and 'Next' navigation links.

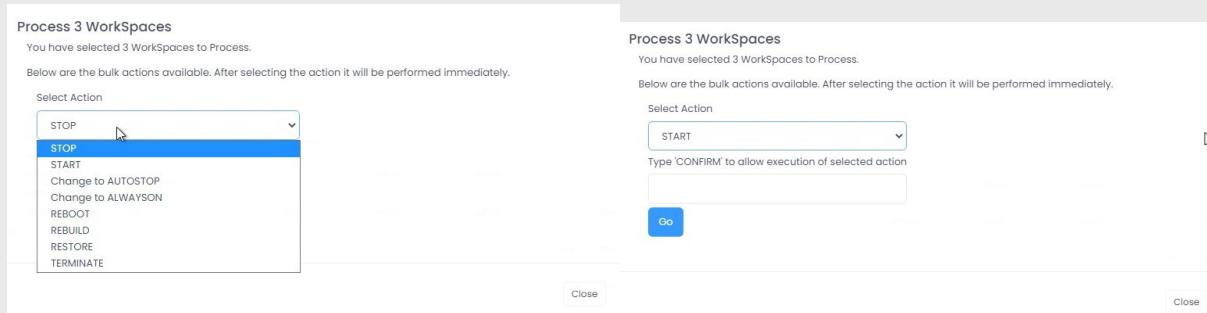
You can also click on a WorkSpace and it will hyperlink directly to the information on that WorkSpace. You can then perform actions on it as normal.

4.4.5 Stopped

Gives a list of WorkSpaces that are in Stopped 'state'.

Stopped WorkSpaces 70											Home > Admin Dashboard > Stopped WorkSpaces		
Select Page Unselect Page Process Selected Excel											Search: <input type="text"/>		
Computer Name	Workspace ID	Username	IP Address	Mode	State	Last Connect	Directory	O/S	Bundle				
EC2AM...	ws-C...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	10/20/2020 2:49:26 PM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	ws-C...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/4/2020 11:26:57 AM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	ws-7...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/4/2020 9:07:53 AM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	ws-C...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/8/2020 10:14:23 PM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	WS-C...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/8/2020 6:15:27 PM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	WS-W...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 2:21:25 PM	...	...	...	
EC2AM...	WS-V...	...	...	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	12/3/2020 1:39:14 PM	...	...	...	

You can select them all, or select them one by one, and perform an action. You will need to type in CONFIRM to action and select 'Go'.



You can also click on a WorkSpace and it will hyperlink directly to the information on that WorkSpace. You can then perform actions on it as normal.

This report can also be exported to Excel.

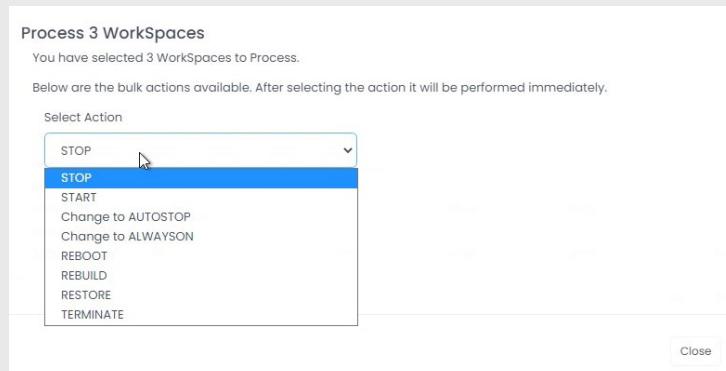
4.4.6 Orphaned

Check for Orphaned WorkSpaces. This will only update WorkSpaces that you have permission to manage and OU's within AD that you have access to.

If users have been deleted from Active Directory, it is likely that their WorkSpace will remain. In the example below, two user accounts have been deleted but their WorkSpaces remain and is costing the company.

You can select them all, or select them one by one, and perform an action. This report can also be exported to Excel.

You can export these to Excel if you have a good many. Select the WorkSpaces you wish to act on. Select 'Process Selected' and you now get a drop-down list with a selected list of actions. In reality, you'd only need to select 'Terminate' (delete).



To terminate them, select 'TERMINATE' and then type CONFIRM and select 'Go'. You will now receive a confirmation message.

You can also click on a WorkSpace and it will hyperlink directly to the information on that WorkSpace. You can then perform actions on it as normal.

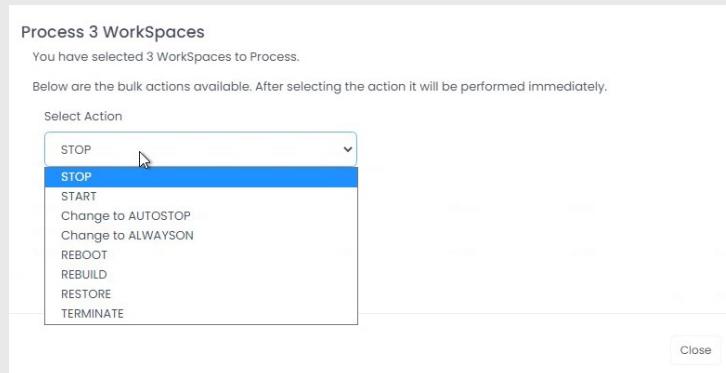
4.4.7 Hours since Reboot

This gives information on the hours since the WorkSpace was last rebooted.

Hours since last reboot								Home	Admin Dashboard	Stopped WorkSpaces	
								Select Page	Unselect Page	Process Selected	Excel
								Search:			
Computer Name	Workspace ID	Username	IP Address	Mode	State	Last Connect	Hours since Last Reboot				
WSA-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user1@ws.com	192.168.1.10	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/25/2021 5:10:14 PM	223				
IP-A-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user2@ws.com	192.168.1.11	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/26/2021 9:59:35 AM	222				
WSA-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user3@ws.com	192.168.1.12	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	1/18/2021 5:59:35 PM	146				
EC2-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user4@ws.com	192.168.1.13	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	1/18/2021 5:39:11 PM	4				
EC2-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user5@ws.com	192.168.1.14	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/26/2021 9:59:10 AM					
EC2-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user6@ws.com	192.168.1.15	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/26/2021 9:59:27 AM					
EC2-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user7@ws.com	192.168.1.16	ALWAYS_ON	AVAILABLE	1/25/2021 10:24:29 PM					
EC2-1234567890	ws-1234567890	user8@ws.com	192.168.1.17	AUTO_STOP	STOPPED	11/4/2020 11:26:57 AM					

If you want to reboot WorkSpaces that have not been rebooted for some time, you can select them all, or select them one by one, and perform an action. (You can also click on a WorkSpace will hyperlink directly to its information and perform actions on it as normal). This report can also be exported to Excel.

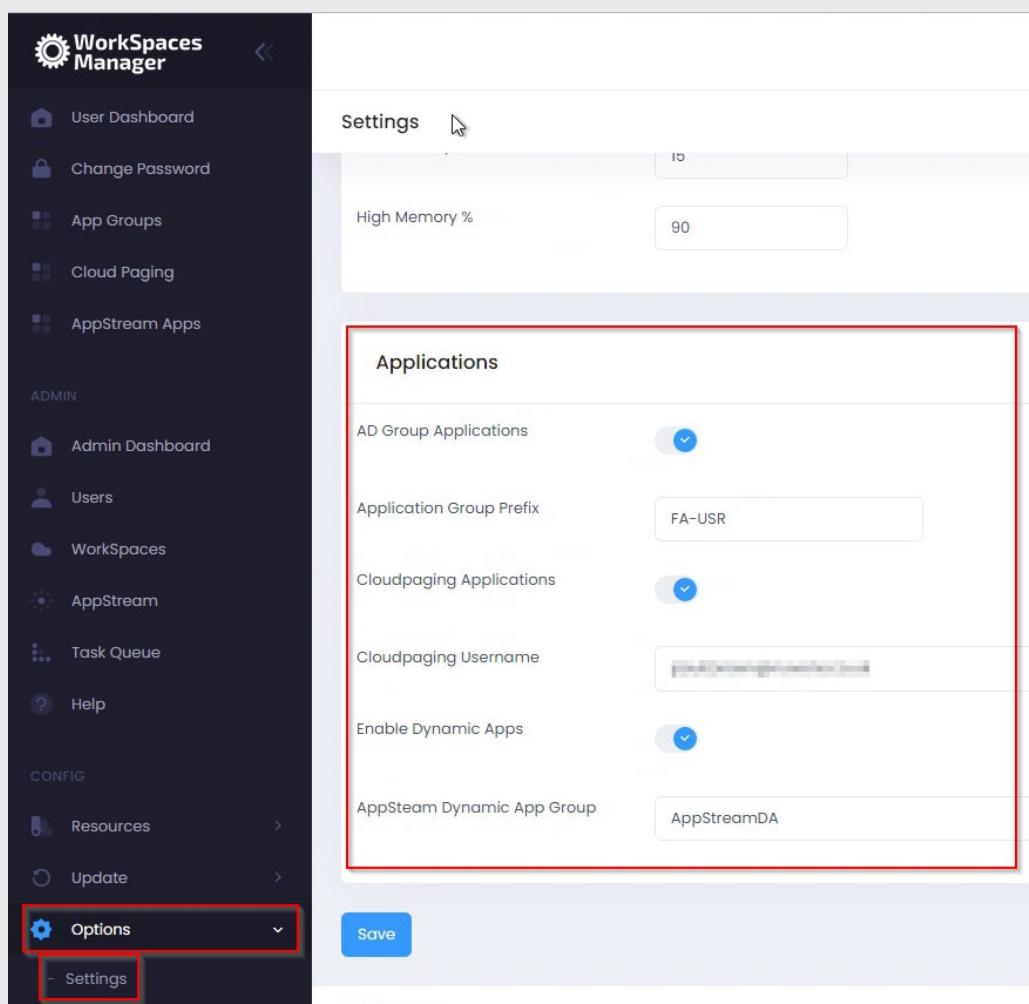
You can export these to Excel if you have a good many. Select the WorkSpaces you wish to act on. Select 'Process Selected' and you now get a drop-down list with a selected list of actions. Select 'REBOOT' if you wanted to reboot them. Then type CONFIRM and select 'Go'. You will now receive a confirmation message.



5. Presenting applications to users via various delivery methods (Active Directory, Cloudpaging and AppStream).

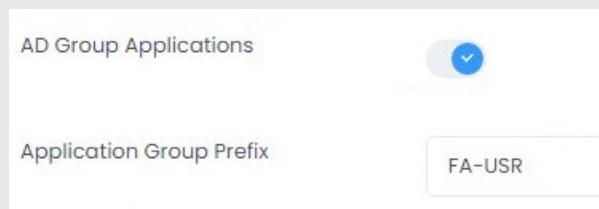
Applications can be delivered to users via either:

- In a WorkSpace (using Active Directory group membership and products such as App-V, FlexApp, etc) or via Numecent Cloudpaging.
- * The likes of FlexApp and Numecent Cloudpaging is a separate application suite where applications are packaged and delivered in containers. If you need to know more about how they could fit your organisation, please contact us here at Nuvens.
- In an AppStream session.



5.1 Active Directory (AD) Group Applications

Firstly, enable “AD Group Applications” in the Applications menu above.



When you've enabled this option, you will get an 'App Groups' option on the menu.

The screenshot shows the "WorkSpaces Manager" interface. On the left, a sidebar has "Options" selected, which is highlighted with a red box. Within "Options", "App Groups" is also highlighted with a red box and a cursor icon pointing at it. The main content area displays a table of "Packaged Applications" with two entries: Google Chrome and Payroll App.

Application Name	Application Group	Group Name	Type	Licenses Purchased	Packages Deployed	Available Licenses
Google Chrome	Utility	FA-USR-Google	Free	500	1	499
Payroll App	Utility	FA-USR-PayrollApp		500	0	500

To add a new application to the user's menu which is delivered via an Active Directory group membership, select 'Add Application' from the 'Packaged Applications' menu.

The screenshot shows the "Packaged Applications" table. The "Add Application" button in the top right corner is highlighted with a red box and a cursor icon pointing at it.

Application Name	Application Group	Group Name	Type	Licenses Purchased	Packages Deployed	Available Licenses
Google Chrome	Utility	FA-USR-Google	Free	500	1	499
Payroll App	Utility	FA-USR-PayrollApp		500	0	500

Payroll App

Application	Payroll App	Version	1.0
AD Group Name	FA-USR-PayrollApp		
Application Type	Utility	License Type	Free
License Count	500		
Cloudplayer App	<input type="checkbox"/>	WorkSpace App	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Appstream Dynamic App	<input type="checkbox"/>		
If you change the Application delivery method you will need to save the record and open to view any additional fields relevant to the new or additional delivery method			
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>			

5.1.1 Application

Name of your application.

5.1.2 Version

The application version.

5.1.3 AD Group Name

The Active Directory group name that the user must be a member of to obtain this application.

5.1.4 Application Type

Random field where you can put in what you like (e.g., Payroll, HR, IT, etc).

5.2.5 License Type

This is either 'Free' (the user can add\remove this application via Self-Service) or 'Paid' (which requires administrator intervention).

5.2.6 License Count

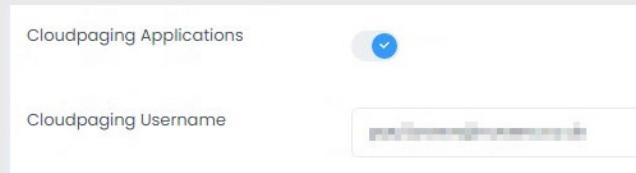
This is the total number of licenses for the application. This will go against the License Type above if it is put as 'Paid'.

5.2.7 WorkSpace App

Select this option for Active Directory group delivered applications.

5.2 Cloudpaging applications

Firstly, enable “Cloudpaging Applications” in the ‘Applications’ menu and enter your Cloudpaging username that is used to control the delivery of the applications.



This will enable the ‘Cloud Paging’ menus for administration and on the user Self-Service portal.

You can now add your Cloudpaging applications. Enable ‘Cloudplayer app’ function for it to be delivered via the Cloudpaging application.

Application	Mozilla Firefox	Version	
AD Group Name			
Application Type	Utility	License Type	Free
License	F1FD42... (redacted)		
Expiry Period	365	License Count	0
Upgrade License			
UpgradeUrl			
Upgrade Type			
Cloudplayer App	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WorkSpace App	<input type="checkbox"/>
Appstream Dynamic App			<input type="checkbox"/>

5.2.1 Application

Name of your application.

5.2.2 Version

The application version.

5.2.3 AD Group Name

For applications deployed based on AD group membership

5.2.4 Application Type

Random field where you can put in what you like (e.g., Payroll, HR, IT, etc).

5.2.5 License Type

This is either 'Free' (the user can add\remove this application via Self-Service) or 'Paid' (which requires administrator intervention).

5.2.6 License (Cloudpaging Only)

The license is determined when the application is packaged which will generate a license GUID.

5.2.7 Expiry Period (Cloudpaging Only)

The number of days that the license is assigned for before being returned to the pool.

5.2.8 License Count

The number of licenses purchased/available for the product.

5.2.9 Upgrade License (Cloudpaging Only)

If a Cloudpaging application is provided with an Upgrade License GUID, Numecent will automatically provision the upgraded version of the product.

5.2.10 Upgrade URL (Cloudpaging Only)

The URL for the upgraded application package.

5.2.11 Upgrade Type (Cloudpaging Only)

The upgrade can be optional or enforced.

5.2.12 Cloudplayer App

Enables this as a Cloudplayer (Cloudpaging) application in the users' Self-Service portal.

5.3 AppStream applications

If the application is delivered into an AppStream session as a Dynamic Application. This points to the path of the application executable to launch.

Please refer to [Section 8](#) for information on 'AppStream Dynamic Applications'.

AS2-Notepad

Application	AS2-Notepad	Version	
AD Group Name	DA-Notepad		
Application Type	Utility	License Type	Free
License Count	0		
Cloudplayer App	<input type="checkbox"/>	WorkSpace App	<input type="checkbox"/>
Appstream Dynamic App <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
If you change the Application delivery method you will need to save the record and open to view any additional fields relevant to the new or additional delivery method			
Appstream Launch Path	c:\windows\system32\notepad.exe		
App Icon Data	iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAADAAAAAwCAYAAABXAvmAvmHAAAAAXNSR0		
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>			

5.3.1 Application

Name of your application.

5.3.2 Version

The application version.

5.3.3 AD Group Name

The Active Directory group that the user must be a member of to get the application via Dynamic Application delivery.

5.3.4 Application Type

Random field where you can put in what you like (e.g., Payroll, HR, IT, etc).

5.3.5 License Type

This is either 'Free' (the user can add\remove this application via Self-Service) or 'Paid' (which requires administrator intervention).

5.3.6 License Count

This is the number of licenses available if the application is marked as 'Paid'.

5.3.7 AppStream Launch Path

If the application is delivered into an AppStream session as a Dynamic Application. This points to the path of the application executable to launch. Please refer to the separate 'AppStream Dynamic Applications' document.

5.3.8 App Icon Data

If the application is delivered into an AppStream session as a Dynamic Application. This is the Base64 representation of the application icon. Please refer to the separate 'AppStream Dynamic Applications' document.

5.3.9 AppStream Dynamic App

Enables this as a AppStream Dynamic application in the users' Self-Service portal.

Please refer to [Section 8](#) for information on 'AppStream Dynamic Applications'.

6. Multi-Domain forest

If you have users in a multi-domain forest, you can add your domains to the WorkSpaces Manager portal. For this configuration, you will need to switch the Multiple Domains function in Additional Options to 'On'. You will have a single domain by default.

Active Directory (Single Domain)

AD Service Account	workspacesmanagersvc
AD Service Password	.....
NetBios Name	stormy
FQDN	stormy.internal
Default User OU	OU=MyUsers,DC=stormy,DC=internal

Enable 'Multiple Domains' in the Additional Options section of 'Options > Settings'.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with navigation links for User, Admin, and Config sections. The main area is titled 'Settings' and contains a table for 'Multi AWS Account' with an 'Excel' button. Below this is a table for 'Account ID' with columns for Master, WorkSpaces, AppStream, and AD Integrated. The 'WorkSpaces' and 'AppStream' toggle switches are turned on. To the right, there's a 'Remote Management Password' field with '.....' and two toggle switches for 'Enable RDP' and 'Enable DameWare', both turned on. At the bottom, under 'Additional Options', there are fields for 'Statistics Retention Days' (7), 'WorkSpace Service Update Frequency (mins)' (60), 'Portal URL' (https://nuvens.eu-west-1.compute.internal), and a 'Multiple Account' toggle switch. The 'Multiple Domains' toggle switch is highlighted with a red box and is also turned on.

You add more domains by clicking on the '+' button.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation links for User, Admin, and Config sections. The main area is titled 'Settings' and contains several cards. One card displays version information (4.0.0) and license counts (500 purchased, 264 in use). Another card shows the expiry date (1/14/2021). A third card is for 'Active Directory (Multi Domain Forest)', which has a red box around its '+ Add' button. Below these are sections for SMTP configuration and a table of Active Directory domains. A red box highlights the '+ Add' button in the domain table.

You now add your WorkSpaces Directory ID, FQDN and NetBIOS name of your Active Directory domain, the default OU for your user accounts in that domain, and the username and password for the service account in that domain that you are using to add and remove WorkSpaces.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Domain' dialog box. It contains fields for Directory ID (d-12322342), FQDN (mycompany.local), Netbios Name (mycompany), Default OU (OU=MyUsers,DC=mycompany,DC=local), Service Account (wkspserviceaccount), and Password (redacted). At the bottom is a blue 'Save' button.

Field	Value
Directory ID	d-12322342
FQDN	mycompany.local
Netbios Name	mycompany
Default OU	OU=MyUsers,DC=mycompany,DC=local
Service Account	wkspserviceaccount
Password	[REDACTED]

7. Multi AWS Accounts

Using WorkSpaces Manager, it is possible to manage WorkSpaces in different AWS accounts in the same console.

7.1 STEP 1: In Account A (which is the main account that the WorkSpaces Manager instance resides in)

Firstly, make a note of the following:

- The account number of Account A (where your WorkSpaces Manager instance resides). For this example, we will refer to it as **111111111111**.
- The account number of Account B (where your other WorkSpaces reside that you want to manage). For this example, we will refer to it as **222222222222**.
- The IAM role that is associated with your WorkSpaces Manager in Account A. For this example, we will refer to it as **WSM320-YourWSMRole**.
- The Instance ID of your WorkSpaces Manager. For this example, we will refer to it as i-9999999999999999.

1. Insert an inline policy which gives access to the second account with the WorkSpaces in. Call the inline policy 'WSMAccess'.

We will call the role in Account B 'AllowMSAccess' and will be creating it in the next section.

```
{  
    "Version": "2012-10-17",  
    "Statement": [  
        {  
            "Sid": "VisualEditor0",  
            "Effect": "Allow",  
            "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",  
            "Resource": "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

2. Insert an inline policy which gives access to the second account with the WorkSpaces in. Call the inline policy 'WSMAccount2222222222CloudwatchPolicy'. Insert this JSON.

```
{  
  "Version": "2012-10-17",  
  "Statement": [  
    {  
      "Sid": "VisualEditor0",  
      "Effect": "Allow",  
      "Action": [  
        "cloudwatch:DescribeAlarmHistory",  
        "cloudwatch:GetDashboard",  
        "cloudwatch:GetMetricData",  
        "cloudwatch:DescribeAlarmsForMetric",  
        "cloudwatch:DescribeAlarms",  
        "workspaces:*",  
        "cloudwatch:GetMetricStatistics",  
        "cloudwatch:GetMetricWidgetImage",  
        "ce:*"  
      ],  
      "Resource": [  
        "*",  
        "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"  
      ]  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

3. Insert an inline policy which gives access to the second account with the WorkSpaces in. Call the inline policy 'WSMAccount2222222222PricingPolicy'. Insert this JSON.

```
{  
  "Statement": [  
    {  
      "Sid": "VisualEditor0",  
      "Effect": "Allow",  
      "Action": "pricing:*",  
      "Resource": [  
        "*",  
        "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"  
      ]  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

4. Insert an inline policy which gives access to the second account with the WorkSpaces in. Call the inline policy 'WSMAccount2222222222CostExplorerPolicy'. Insert this JSON.

```
{  
  "Version": "2012-10-17",  
  "Statement": [  
    {  
      "Sid": "VisualEditor0",  
      "Effect": "Allow",  
      "Action": "ce:*",  
      "Resource": [  
        "*",  
        "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"  
      ]  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

7.2 STEP 2: In Account B (where the WorkSpaces are that you need to administer with WorkSpaces Manager).

1. In IAM, create a policy called '**WorkSpacesManagerAdminPortal**' with the following JSON.

```
{  
  "Version": "2012-10-17",  
  "Statement": [  
    {  
      "Sid": "VisualEditor0",  
      "Effect": "Allow",  
      "Action": [  
        "logs>ListTagsLogGroup",  
        "logs>GetLogRecord",  
        "cloudwatch:GetMetricData",  
        "logs>DescribeLogStreams",  
        "logs>DescribeSubscriptionFilters",  
        "logs>StartQuery",  
        "logs>DescribeMetricFilters",  
        "sts>GetAccessKeyInfo",  
        "logs>GetLogDelivery",  
        "logs>ListLogDeliveries",  
        "sts>GetSessionToken",  
        "cloudwatch>DescribeAlarmHistory",  
        "cloudwatch>DescribeAlarmsForMetric",  
        "logs>GetLogEvents",  
        "logs>FilterLogEvents",  
        "logs>DescribeResourcePolicies",  
        "cloudwatch>GetMetricWidgetImage",  
        "sts>GetServiceBearerToken",  
        "logs>DescribeDestinations",  
        "logs>DescribeQueries",  
        "cloudwatch>GetDashboard",  
        "logs>DescribeLogGroups",  
        "logs>StopQuery",  
        "logs>TestMetricFilter",  
        "cloudwatch>GetMetricStatistics",  
        "logs>DescribeExportTasks",  
        "logs>GetQueryResults",  
        "workspaces:*",  
        "cloudwatch>DescribeAlarms",  
        "sts>GetCallerIdentity",  
        "logs>GetLogGroupFields"  
      ],  
      "Resource": "*"  
    },  
  {
```

```

    "Sid": "VisualEditor1",
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Action": [
        "sts:AssumeRole",
        "sts:GetFederationToken"
    ],
    "Resource": [
        "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/WSM320-YourWSMRole",
        "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"
    ]
}
]
}

```

2. Create a role called '**AllowWSMAccess**' and attach the policy '**WorkSpacesManagerAdminPortal**' that you created above.

3. Attach an inline policy to the role '**AllowWSMAccess**' role and call it '**WSMIAMPassPolicy**'. Insert this JSON.

```
{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Sid": "VisualEditor0",
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
                "iam:GetRole",
                "iam:PassRole",
                "sts:AssumeRole"
            ],
            "Resource": [
                "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/WSM320-YourWSMRole",
                "arn:aws:sts::111111111111:assumed-role/WSM320-YourWSMRole/i-9999999999999999"
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```

4. Go to the 'AllowWSMAccess', select 'Trust Relationships' and then 'Edit Trust Relationships'. Insert this JSON and select 'Update Trust Policy'.

```
{
    "Version": "2008-10-17",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Effect": "Allow",

```

```

"Principal": {
    "AWS": [
        "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:root",
        "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/WSM320-YourWSMRole",
        "arn:aws:sts::111111111111:assumed-role/WSM320-YourWSMRole/i-9999999999999999"
    ],
    "Service": [
        "workspaces.amazonaws.com",
        "ec2.amazonaws.com"
    ]
},
"Action": "sts:AssumeRole"
}
]
}

```

5. Create a policy called '**WSMS3Access**' with the content below and attach it to the '**AllowWSMAccess**' role. Insert this JSON.

Replace '**workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket-1234567890123**' with the S3 bucket name of your WorkSpaces Cost Optimiser in **Account B**.

```

{
    "Version": "2012-10-17",
    "Statement": [
        {
            "Sid": "VisualEditor0",
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
                "s3:GetObject",
                "s3>ListBucket",
                "s3:GetBucketVersioning"
            ],
            "Resource": [
                "arn:aws:s3:::workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket-1234567890123",
                "arn:aws:s3:::/*"
            ]
        },
        {
            "Sid": "VisualEditor1",
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Action": [
                "s3:GetObject",
                "s3>ListBucket",
                "s3:GetBucketVersioning"
            ],
            "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::/*"
        }
    ]
}
```

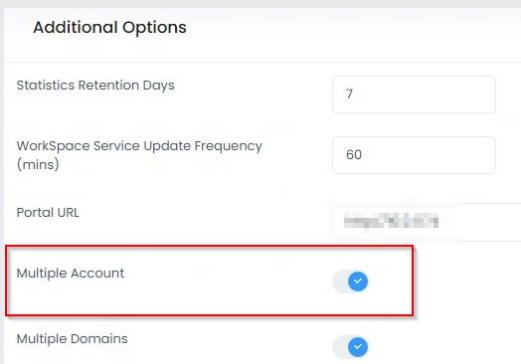
```

},
{
  "Sid": "VisualEditor2",
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Action": [
    "s3>ListAllMyBuckets",
    "s3:HeadBucket"
  ],
  "Resource": "*"
},
{
  "Sid": "VisualEditor3",
  "Effect": "Allow",
  "Action": [
    "sts:AssumeRole",
    "sts:GetFederationToken"
  ],
  "Resource": [
    "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/WSM320-YourWSMRole",
    "arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess"
  ]
}
]
}

```

7.3 STEP 3: Configure WorkSpaces Manager in your main account (Account A).

Configure the WorkSpaces Manager Portal to accept the new account. Go to Options > Settings > Additional Options and set 'Multiple account' to 'On'.



In one left hand side pane, you'll now see a Multi AWS Account option with your root (Master) WorkSpaces Manager account already filled in.

Amazon Web Services				
Multi AWS Account +				
Excel				
Account ID	Master	WorkSpaces	AppStream	AD Integrated
111111111111	True	True	True	True

To add Account B, select the '+'. Enter the details for the AWS account.

- AD Integrated – Your WorkSpaces can either be domain joined or non-domain joined. If they are domain joined, select this.
- WorkSpaces – WorkSpaces are viewable and enabled in this account. Select this.
- AWS Cost Optimiser – Select.
- Cost Optimiser Bucket – This is the s3 bucket that represents the Cost Optimiser location on Account B.
- Access Log Group – Leave blank here at the moment.

Leave AppStream option and AppStream Bucket.

AWS Account

222222222222

Role To Assume

[arn:aws:iam::222222222222:role/AllowWSMAccess](#)

AccessLog Group

AD Integrated

WorkSpaces

AWS Cost Optimiser

Cost Optimizer Bucket

workspacescostoptimizer-costoptimizerbucket-1234567890123

Dry Run Mode

AppStream

AppStream Bucket

Save

Your new account will show up as below. Up to 10 accounts can show on one list, and any more will be on the next page where you can select 'Next'.

The screenshot shows the AWS Multi-Account Center interface. At the top left is the 'Amazon Web Services' logo. Below it is a 'Multi AWS Account' section with a blue plus icon. On the right is a search bar labeled 'Search:'. A large button labeled 'Excel' is prominently displayed. The main area is a table with the following data:

Account ID	Master	WorkSpaces	AppStream	AD Integrated
111111111111	True	True	True	True
222222222222	False	True	False	True

8. Creating Dynamic Applications in AppStream

8.1 How does Dynamic Application delivery differ from normal AppStream application delivery?

When an administrator installs applications on an AppStream image, every icon on that image is delivered to every user that connects to that fleet. Whilst you can restrict these from launching, you will still be allocating an RDS CAL, which will incur additional costs.

Using Dynamic Applications, we completely remove the user's visibility of applications they cannot use, reducing costs and providing a clean AppStream image. Applications are delivered based on Active Directory group membership.

It is also important not to give users access to AppStream services if they do not have any AppStream applications. This is explained in [Section 8.11](#).

The end-user process to launch an AppStream Dynamic Application is:

(1) The user connects to the AppStream service (2) They enter their Active Directory password (3) The list of applications builds based on their Active Directory group membership (4) The user launches their application.



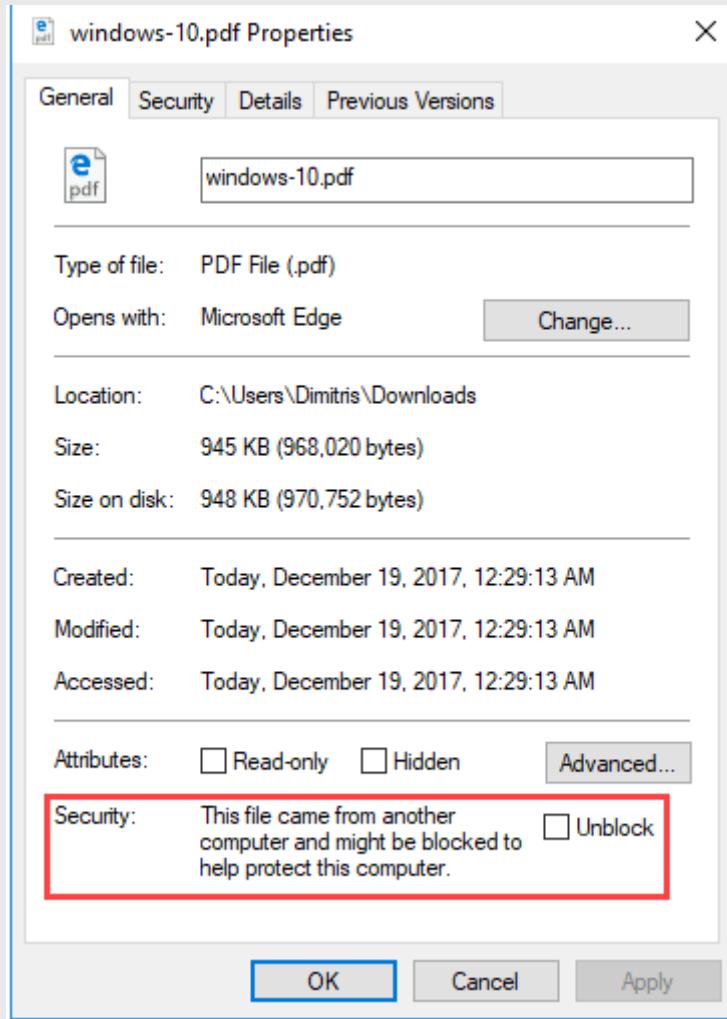
8.2 Image Builder Preparation

To install the Dynamic Applications components, the local Image Builder administrator will need to log on to the Image Builder and create the Dynamic Application Provider environment.

Step 1: Create a folder called C:\DynamicApps

Copy in and extract DynamicApps.zip (**to be supplied by Nuvens**) to this folder.

IMPORTANT: As these extracted files will be copied in from outside the instance, the administrator must ensure that each of these files is ‘Unblocked’ by the operating system. To do this, right click on each of the extracted files and select ‘Unblock’.



Step 2: Create a folder called C:\DynamicAppIcons

This is where the local administrator will put the application icons so they can be converted to Base64 format so the administrator can use this information later in WorkSpaces Manager to assign icons to the applications.

AppStream does not use these icons directly. It is just an area where the administrator can store '.png' icons that represent the applications and have them created to Base64 via a PowerShell script.

Please refer to [Section 8.3.1](#) for creating the application icons.

Step 3: Create a folder called *C:\DynamicAppIcons\Encoded*

This is where the Base64 encoded text files will reside when they are converted in [Section 8.3.1](#).

Step 4: Amend the AppStream Sessions Scripts script

Edit the file config.json in the location C:\AppStream\SessionScripts and put the following entry in the location shown. This will invoke the Dynamic Application functionality which supplies the applications to the users.

```
"filename": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\WindowsPowerShell\\v1.0\\powershell.exe",
"arguments": "-File \"C:\\DynamicApps\\DynApps.ps1\\\"",
```



```
{
  "SessionStart": {
    "executables": [
      {
        "context": "system",
        "filename": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\WindowsPowerShell\\v1.0\\powershell.exe",
        "arguments": "-File \"C:\\DynamicApps\\DynApps.ps1\\\"",
        "s3LogEnabled": true
      },
      {
        "context": "user",
        "filename": "",
        "arguments": "",
        "s3LogEnabled": true
      }
    ],
    "waitingTime": 30
  },
  "SessionTermination": {
    "executables": [
      {
        "context": "system",
        "filename": "",
        "arguments": "",
        "s3LogEnabled": true
      },
      {
        "context": "user",
        "filename": "",
        "arguments": "",
        "s3LogEnabled": true
      }
    ],
    "waitingTime": 30
  }
}
```

8.3 Creating a Base64 string for the application icons

Copy in the file 'GetBase64ofPNG.ps1' from the C:\DynamicApps folder into the C:\DynamicAppIcons folder. The administrator will need to amend this with your own application .png files.

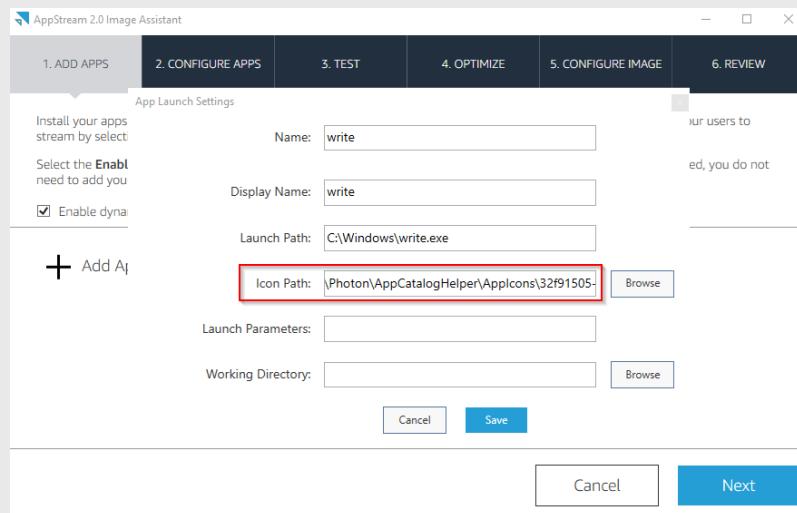
As an example, there are two icons for our Finance and Catering apps which have been copied into the C:\DynamicAppIcons folder.

```
$icondata = [convert]::ToBase64String((get-content "C:\DynamicAppIcons\financeapp.png" -Encoding byte))
Write-Output $icondata > C:\DynamicAppIcons\encoded\financeapp.txt
$icondata = [convert]::ToBase64String((get-content "C:\DynamicAppIcons\cateringapp.png" -Encoding byte))
Write-Output $icondata > C:\DynamicAppIcons\encoded\cateringapp.txt
```

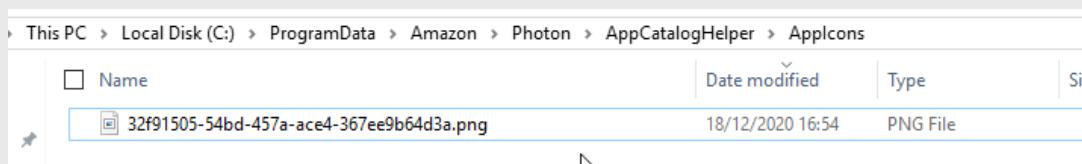
Run this PowerShell script to obtain the Base64 files of those in text format. It puts them in the 'encoded' sub-folder. These will be used later to create a Dynamic Application in the WorkSpaces Manager admin portal.

8.3.1 How do I create a PNG icon for my application?

The local administrator can obtain an icon for the application by using the Image Assistant to create one. Go to Image Assistant on the Image Builder desktop and add the application. In the example below, an in-built application (Write) has been added. Note that there is an 'Icon Path' there.



To find the icon, go to C:\ProgramData\Amazon\Photon\AppCatalogHelper\Applicons and there will be a list of png files in here which relate to the applications. Just double click on them to find the icon that is required. They will be named randomly.



Copy the relevant icon file to the C:\DynamicAppIcons folder and then go to [Section 8.3](#) to convert it to Base64.

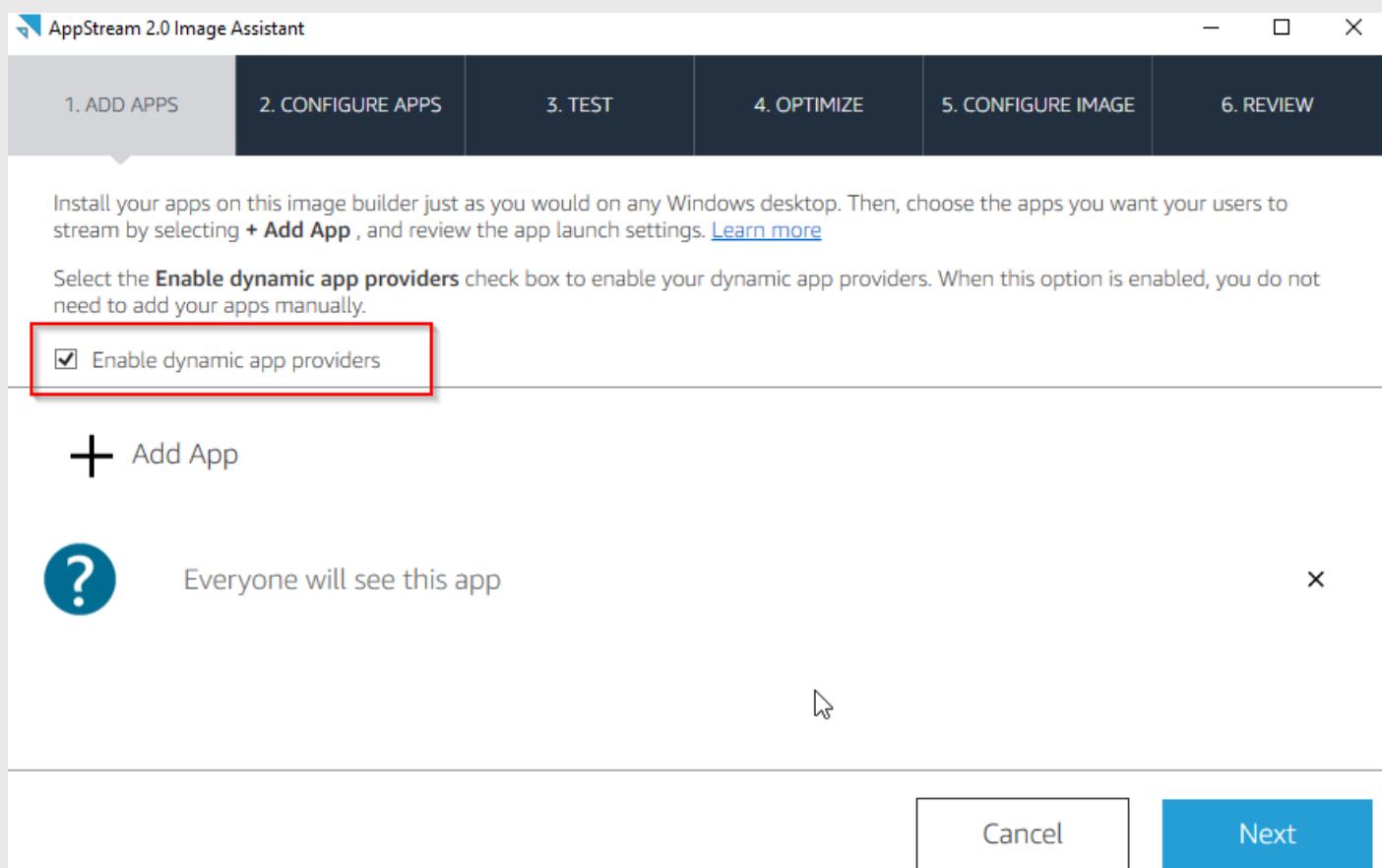
8.4 Testing applications from the Image Builder

Dynamic Applications behave differently on an image builder when testing applications from the Image Assistant and creating the new image. Dynamic Applications will not show up to test, but non-dynamic applications will.

For Dynamic Application functionality to be available, select 'Enable dynamic app providers' with the check box.

In the example below, an application is added that everyone will see on the image. This is not controlled by Active Directory group membership. This will show up all the way through the Image Assistant process to create a new image.

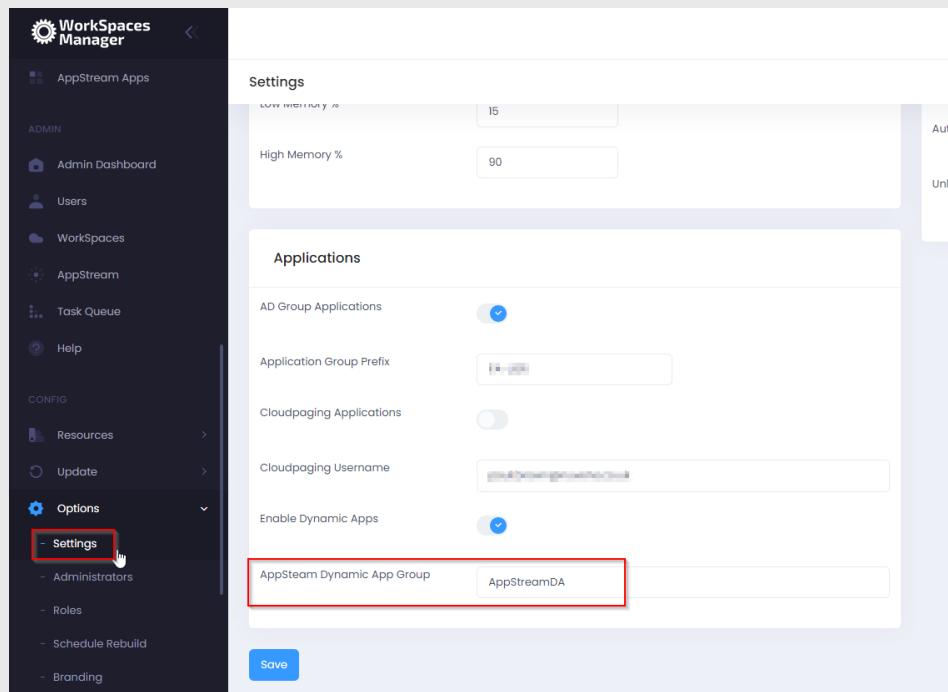
If the administrator wants to test the applications that are published dynamically, they must do so via the usual menu shortcuts, etc.



8.5 Top level AppStream Dynamic Applications access control group

An administrator can specify if a user is enumerated for applications in WorkSpaces Manager by using a general Active Directory control group. Below, there is an Active Directory group called

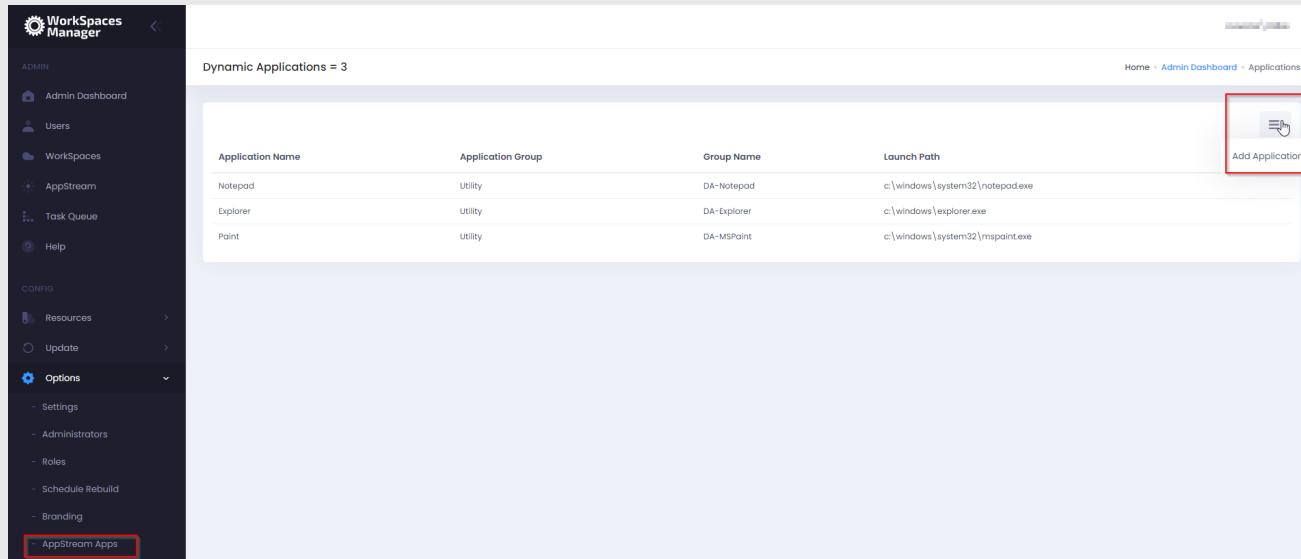
'AppStreamDA'. If a user is not a member of this group, then a CSV will not be generated for them with application entitlements. However, if the administrator gives them access to the stack then they can still connect to it (which the administrator does not want as it will take resource). Control this access via [Section 8.11](#).



8.6 Adding an AppStream Dynamic Application in WorkSpaces Manager

In the WorkSpaces Manager portal, go to 'AppStream Apps' in 'Options'. The list of AppStream Dynamic Applications will be shown.

To add an application, select the menu on the right and select 'Add Application'.



Now enter the details for the application. The AD Group Name will be the group that users will be a member of. ***They must be a direct member of this group as group nesting will not work.***

Create Application

Application	Vision	Version	3.3.2.87
AD Group Name	DA-Vision	Application Type	Store
License			
Expiry Period	License Count		
Upgrade License			
UpgradeUrl			
Upgrade Type			
Cloudplayer App	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WorkSpace App	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Appstream Launch Path	C:\Program Files (x86)\CDC Software\PivotalClient\PivotalClient.PerMa		
App Icon Data	Put_the_icon_from_Section_2.1_in_here		
<input type="button" value="Save"/>			

▼

8.7 Assigning an AppStream Dynamic Application to a user.

There are two ways of achieving this.

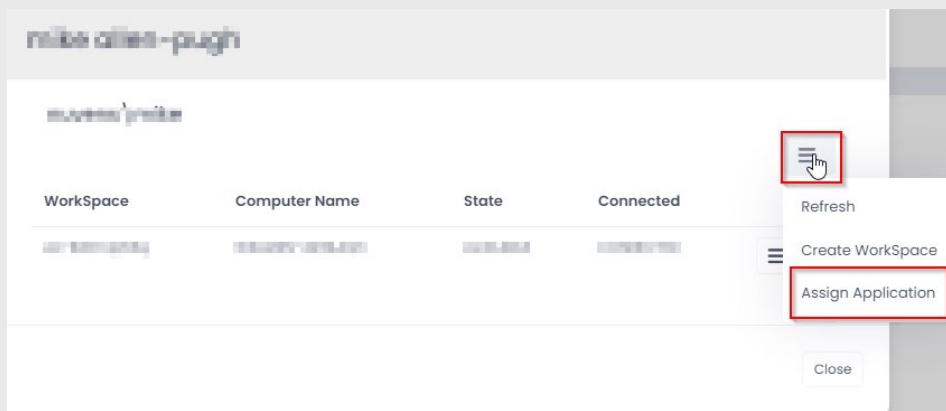
8.7.1 Assign the application to user in WorkSpaces Manager

PLEASE NOTE: Refer to [Section 8.5](#) as the AppStream users will need to be in a top-level access Active Directory group to get their applications.

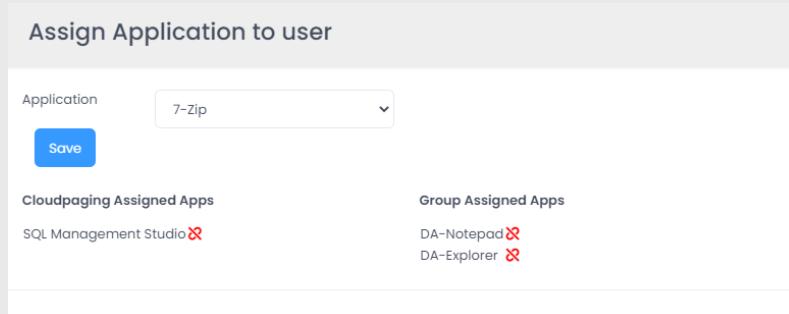
First, search for the user in the 'Users' menu.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with two main sections: 'USER' and 'ADMIN'. Under 'USER', there are links for 'User Dashboard', 'Change Password', and 'AppStream Apps'. Under 'ADMIN', there are links for 'Admin Dashboard', 'WorkSpaces', 'AppStream', 'Task Queue', and 'Help'. The 'Users' link under 'ADMIN' is highlighted with a red box. The main content area is titled 'Users 1' and shows a search bar with 'nuvens.local' in the domain dropdown and 'mike' in the user name input field. Below the search bar is a table with columns: Name, Surname, Username, Email, Company, Department, Country, Enabled, and Password Expiry. There is one entry in the table. At the bottom of the table, it says 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries'. There are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons at the bottom right.

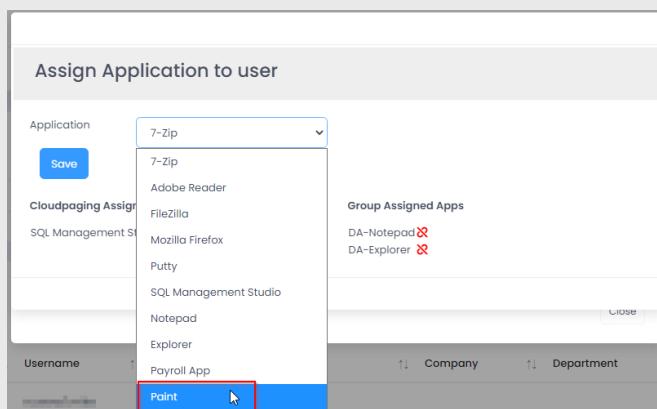
Then select this user, select the menu item shown and then 'Assign Application'.



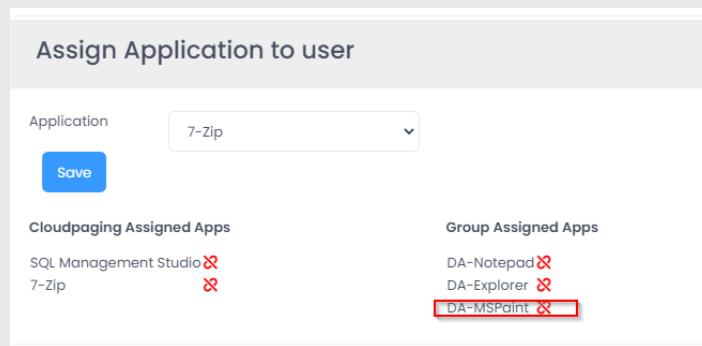
It can now be seen that there are two Dynamic Applications assigned to this user via AD groups (DA-Notepad and DA-Explorer of 'Notepad' and 'Explorer' apps respectively). The Active Directory groups have been stated the Active Directory groups for the Dynamic Applications when configuring them in [Section 8.6](#).



Now select the application from the drop-down list and select 'Save'.



Go back to the user's apps list and the new application will be visible. This is now available to them via Dynamic Apps once the update routine runs (every 20 minutes).



8.7.2 Put the user in the Active Directory Group associated with the Dynamic application.

PLEASE NOTE: Refer to [Section 8.5](#) as the AppStream users will need to be in a main access Active Directory group to get their applications. Without this, they will not get a configuration file generated.

This is the best method if there are a lot of users to assign the application to.

IMPORTANT NOTE REGARDING GROUP MEMBERSHIPS: Nested Group membership does not work. The user must explicitly be a member of the AD group assigned to that application for it to work.

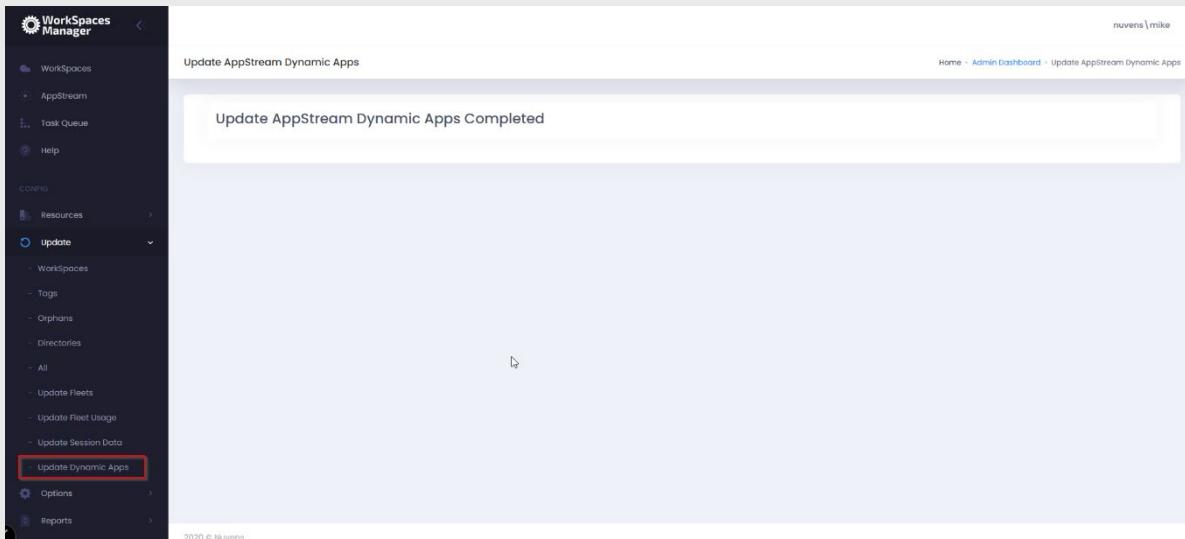
An AD Sync process will be run each day from the WorkSpaces Manager application at 04:30 daily, or an administrator can manually instigate the process by going into the WorkSpaces Manager 'Hangfire' console (<http://yourWSMportaladdress/hangfire>) and run the 'syncAdGroups' job. Go to 'Recurring jobs' at the top and look for the 'syncAdGroups' job. Select it and select 'Trigger now'. **** DO NOT SELECT 'DELETE' ****

The screenshot shows the 'Hangfire Dashboard' with tabs for 'Jobs (0)', 'Retries (0)', 'Recurring Jobs (17)', and 'Servers (1)'. A red box highlights the 'Recurring Jobs' tab. Below it, the 'Recurring jobs' section has a header with 'Trigger now' and 'Delete' buttons. A table lists the jobs with columns: Id, Cron, Time zone, Job, Next execution, Last execution, and Created. The 'syncAdGroups' job is selected and highlighted with a red box. The table includes rows for 'send-activity', 'update-orphans', 'check-passwords-057103611228', 'check-passwords-087770160334', 'syncAdGroups', 'appstreamupdatesession-087770160334', and 'system-tasks'. The 'syncAdGroups' row shows '8 minutes ago' as the last execution time. At the bottom, there are navigation buttons 'Prev', '1', '2', 'Next' and a total item count of 'Total items: 17'.

Id	Cron	Time zone	Job	Next execution	Last execution	Created
send-activity	0 3 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.SendActivityLog	in 13 hours	11 hours ago	16 days ago
update-orphans	30 3 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.UpdateOrphans	in 14 hours	10 hours ago	3 months ago
check-passwords-057103611228	30 4 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.CheckPasswords	in 15 hours	9 hours ago	3 months ago
check-passwords-087770160334	30 4 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.CheckPasswords	in 15 hours	9 hours ago	3 months ago
syncAdGroups	30 4 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.SyncGroups	in 15 hours	8 minutes ago	2 days ago
appstreamupdatesession-087770160334	30 5 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.UpdateSessionData	in 16 hours	8 hours ago	3 months ago
system-tasks	30 5 * * *	UTC	SchedulerService.UpdateLicenseUsage	in 16 hours	8 hours ago	3 months ago

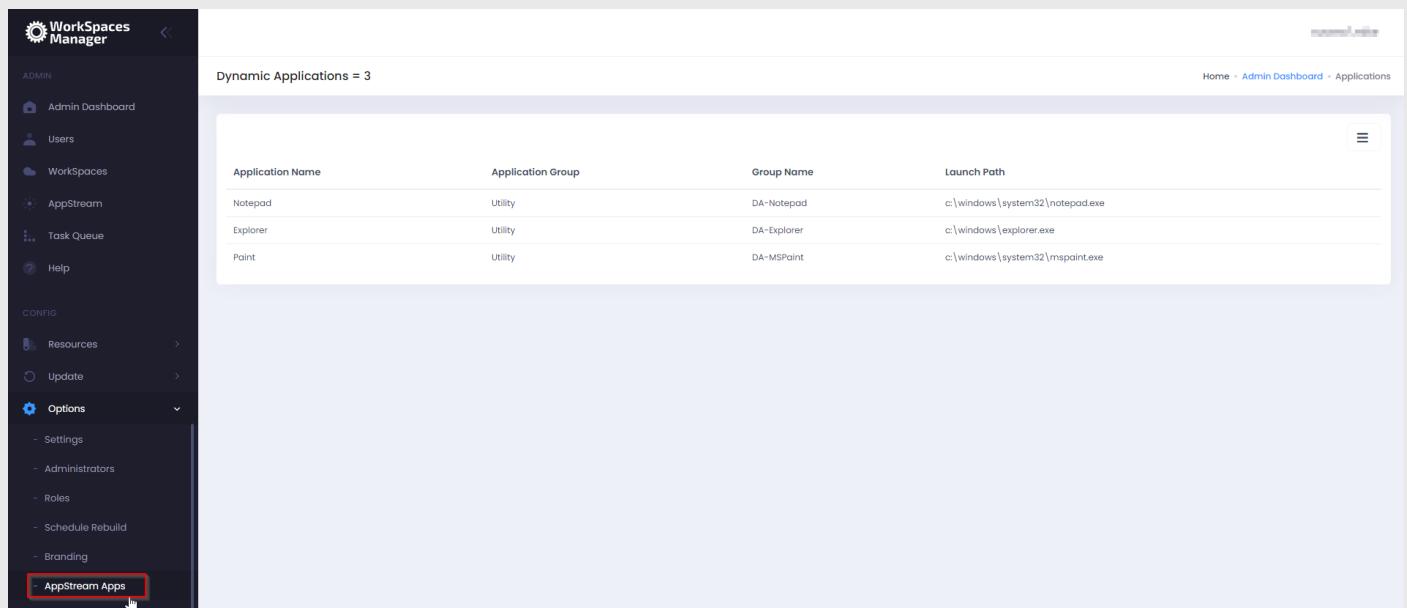
Additionally, do the same with the 'dynamicAppFiles' job.

The user's CSV file is updated on the 20-minute schedule or the administrator can invoke it themselves by going to the WorkSpaces Manager console and selecting 'Update Dynamic Apps' from the 'Update' menu.



8.8 Removing a Dynamic Application from the main list for all users

In WorkSpaces Manager, go to 'AppStream Apps' in Options.



Click on the application to be deleted (Paint will be selected above). Then select 'Delete' to remove the application.

Paint

Application	Paint	Version	1
AD Group Name	DA-MSPaint		
Application Type	Utility	License Type	Free
License Count	1000		
Cloudplayer App	<input type="radio"/>	WorkSpace App	<input type="radio"/>
Appstream Dynamic App	<input checked="" type="radio"/>		

If you change the Application delivery method you will need to save the record and open to view any additional fields relevant to the new or additional delivery method

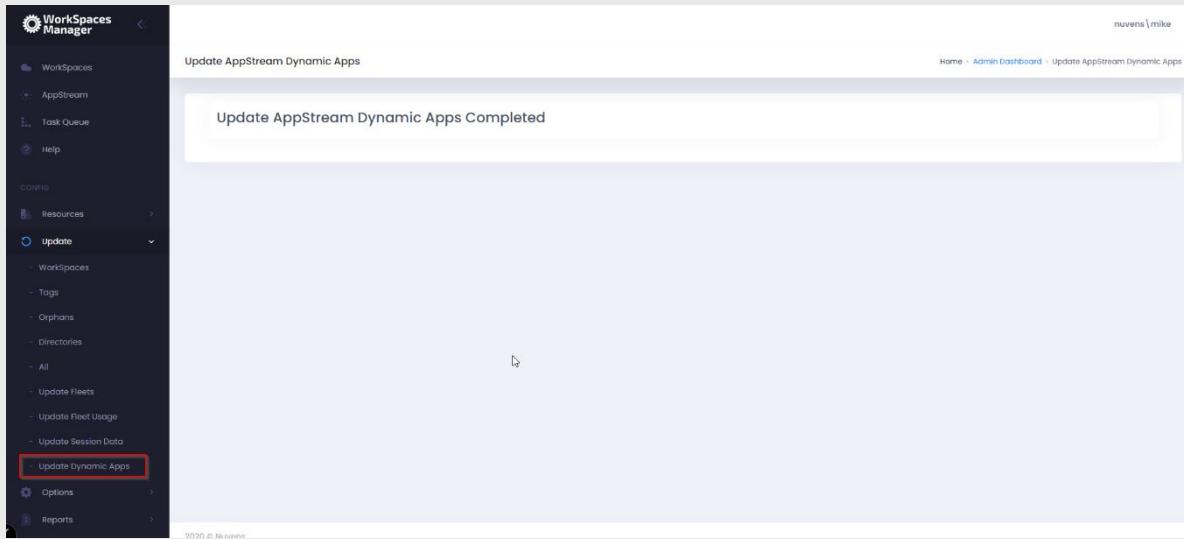
Appstream Launch Path: c:\windows\system32\mspaint.exe

App Icon Data: iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAAAEAAAABACAYAAQcqaXHeAAAAAXNSR0I/

Save **Delete**

The user's CSV file is updated on the 20-minute schedule or the administrator can invoke it themselves by going to the WorkSpaces Manager console and selecting 'Update Dynamic Apps' from the 'Update' menu.

The application will now be there the next time they log in to AppStream.



8.9 Removing a Dynamic Application from a user

First, search for the user in WorkSpaces Manager and select 'Assign Application'.

The screenshot shows the WorkSpaces Manager interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'USER' and 'ADMIN' sections. Under 'USER', 'User Dashboard', 'Change Password', and 'AppStream Apps' are listed. Under 'ADMIN', 'Admin Dashboard' and 'Users' (which is highlighted with a red box) are listed. The main area shows a table of users under the domain 'nuvens.local'. A context menu is open over a user entry, with the 'Assign Application' option highlighted with a red box. The menu also includes 'Create WorkSpace' and 'Refresh'.

Then select the icon to the right of the application to be removed. Below, the MS Paint will be removed from the user.

The screenshot shows the 'Assign Application to user' dialog. It has a dropdown for 'Application' set to '7-Zip'. Below it is a 'Save' button. To the right, there are two sections: 'Cloudpaging Assigned Apps' and 'Group Assigned Apps'. In 'Cloudpaging Assigned Apps', 'SQL Management Studio' and '7-Zip' are listed. In 'Group Assigned Apps', 'DA-Notepad', 'DA-Explorer', and 'DA-MSPaint' are listed, with 'DA-MSPaint' having a red box around its remove icon.

Alternatively, you can also remove them directly from the Active Directory group assigned to that application.

8.10 Dynamic Application configuration files

The configuration files that are used to deliver Dynamic Applications based on Active Directory groups are held on the WorkSpaces Manager appliance in a share called 'AppStreamApps'. These will be Read Only to users. Each user who accesses AppStream and uses Dynamic Applications will have one and is written automatically by WorkSpaces Manager.

Network > 10.0.1.174 > AppStreamApps				
	Name	Date modified	Type	Size
ss	as4test.csv	12/21/2020 4:30 PM	OpenOffice.org X...	8 KB
ds	chris.csv	12/21/2020 4:30 PM	OpenOffice.org X...	8 KB
its	mike.csv	12/21/2020 4:30 PM	OpenOffice.org X...	8 KB
	paul.csv	12/21/2020 4:30 PM	OpenOffice.org X...	11 KB

The information contained within each of these user files will provide access to the applications that user is granted via Active Directory group.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
1	Id	DisplayName	LaunchPath	IconData																
2	1	Notepad	c:\windows\system32\notepad.exe	IVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAADAAAAAwCAYAAABXAvmHAAAAAXNSR0IArs4c6QAAAARnQU1BAACxjwv8YQUAAAjEhZcwAADsMAAA7DAcdvqGQAABKBSURBVGhD7Vk																
3	2	Explorer	c:\windows\explorer.exe	IVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAEAAAABACAYAAQcaXheAAAAAXNSR0IArs4c6QAAAARnQU1BAACxjwv8YQUAAAjEhZcwAADsMAAA7DAcdvqGQAABJSSURBVh7Zoxb																
4	3	Paint	c:\windows\system32\mspaint.exe	IVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAAEAAAABACAYAAQcaXheAAAAAXNSR0IArs4c6QAAAARnQU1BAACxjwv8YQUAAAjEhZcwAADsMAAA7DAcdvqGQAAB4eSURBVh7VoH																
5																				

8.11 Can I stop users accessing AppStream and running up a session when they do not have any applications assigned?

Yes. An administrator will have to control this at the first port of call for user access. For example, if using Okta, the administrator would use another Active Directory group to show the AppStream stack icon. If using GSuite only, the administrator would not configure the user to use AppStream based on their own account (hence the service would not be available to them). Instructions on how to do this are outside the scope of this document.